

CT REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

THIRD QUARTER 2015

Forward-looking Disclaimer

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") contains statements that are forward-looking. Actual results or events may differ materially from those forecasted in this disclosure because of the risks and uncertainties associated with the business of CT Real Estate Investment Trust and its subsidiaries, (unless the context requires otherwise referred to herein as "CT REIT", the "Trust" or the "REIT") and the general economic environment. CT REIT cannot provide any assurance that any forecasted financial or operational performance will actually be achieved or, if achieved, that it will result in an increase in the price of CT REIT's units. See section 12.0 in this MD&A for a more detailed discussion of the REIT's use of forward-looking statements.

1.0 Preface

1.1 Basis of Presentation

The following MD&A is intended to provide readers with an assessment of the performance of CT REIT for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and should be read in conjunction with the REIT's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements ("interim financial statements") and accompanying notes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). In addition, the following MD&A should be read in conjunction with CT REIT's forward-looking information found in section 12.0 of this MD&A. Information about CT REIT, including the 2014 Annual Information Form ("AIF"), 2014 Annual Report and all other continuous disclosure documents required by the Canadian securities regulators, can be found on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR") website at www.sedar.com and on CT REIT's website in the Investors section by a link at ctreit.com.

1.2 Definitions

In this document, the terms "CT REIT", "the REIT", and "the Trust", refer to CT Real Estate Investment Trust and its subsidiaries unless the context requires otherwise. In addition, "the Company", "CTC" and the "Corporation" refer to Canadian Tire Corporation, Limited, entities that it controls and their collective businesses unless the context requires otherwise. For commonly used defined terms refer to the glossary of terms in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report.

1.3 Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the interim financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgements and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Refer to section 8.0 in this MD&A for further information.

Financial data included in this MD&A includes material information as of November 9, 2015. Disclosure contained in this document is current to that date, unless otherwise noted.

1.4 Quarterly Comparisons in this MD&A

Unless otherwise indicated, all comparisons of results for Q3 2015 (three months ended September 30, 2015) are against results for Q3 2014 (three months ended September 30, 2014) and comparisons of YTD 2015 results (nine months ended September 30, 2015) are against YTD 2014 results (nine months ended September 30, 2014).

1.5 Non-GAAP and Operational Key Performance Indicators

Net operating income ("NOI"), same store NOI, same property NOI, funds from operations ("FFO"), FFO per Unit, adjusted funds from operations ("AFFO"), AFFO per Unit, earnings before interest and other financing costs, taxes and fair value adjustments ("EBITFV"), interest coverage ratio, indebtedness ratio, debt to enterprise value ratio, and book value per Unit are key performance indicators used by management to track and assess CT REIT's performance in meeting its principle objective of creating Unitholder value. Some of these measures are not defined by IFRS, also referred to as GAAP, and therefore should not be construed as alternatives to net income or cash flow from operating activities calculated in accordance with IFRS.

Further, the key performance indicators used by management may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other real estate investment trusts or enterprises. Net income prepared in accordance with IFRS is also subject to varying degrees of judgment, and some meaningful differences in accounting policies exist between publicly traded entities in Canada. Accordingly, net income as presented by CT REIT may not be comparable to net income presented by other real estate investment trusts or enterprises.

For further information on the non-GAAP and operational key performance indicators used by management and for reconciliations to the nearest GAAP measures, refer to section 9.0.

1.6 Review and Approval by the Board of Trustees

The Board of Trustees (“the Board”), on the recommendation of its Audit Committee, authorized for issuance the contents of this MD&A on November 9, 2015.

1.7 Nature and Formation

CT REIT is an unincorporated, closed-end real estate investment trust established on July 15, 2013 pursuant to a declaration of trust under, and governed by, the laws of the Province of Ontario as amended and restated as at October 22, 2013 (the “Declaration of Trust”). CT REIT commenced operations on October 23, 2013. The principal, registered and head office of CT REIT is located at 2180 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario M4P 2V8. CTC owns an 83.9% effective interest in CT REIT as of September 30, 2015, consisting of 59,711,094 of the issued and outstanding units of CT REIT (“Units”) and all of the issued and outstanding Class B limited partnership units (“Class B LP Units”) of CT REIT Limited Partnership (“Partnership”), which are economically equivalent to and exchangeable for Units. CTC also owns all of the Class C limited partnership units (“Class C LP Units”) of the Partnership. The Units are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”) under the symbol CRT.UN.

CT REIT has one segment which comprises the ownership and operation of primarily retail investment properties located in Canada.

2.0 Growth Strategy and Objectives

The following section contains forward-looking information and users are cautioned that actual results may vary.

The principal objective of CT REIT is to create Unitholder value over the long-term by generating reliable, durable and growing monthly distributions on a tax-efficient basis. To achieve this objective, management is focusing on expanding the REIT’s asset base while also increasing its AFFO per Unit.

Future growth is expected to be achieved from a number of sources including:

1. The current portfolio of Canadian Tire store leases contain contractual annual rent escalations of 1.5% per year, on average, over the initial term of the leases and have a weighted average remaining lease term of 13.8 years;
2. CT REIT has contractual arrangements with CTC whereby CT REIT has a right of first offer (“ROFO”) on all CTC properties which meet the REIT’s investment criteria and preferential rights, subject to certain exceptions, to participate in the development of, and to acquire, certain new retail properties; and
3. CT REIT will continue to seek to use its relationship with CTC to obtain insights into potential real estate acquisitions and development opportunities in markets across Canada.

3.0 Overview of the Property Portfolio

3.1 Property Profile

The property portfolio as at September 30, 2015 consists of 279 retail properties, two distribution centres, one mixed-use commercial property and four development properties acquired for future development. These investment properties (the “Properties”) are located in each of the provinces and in two territories across Canada, and the retail properties, distribution centres and mixed-use commercial property contain approximately 21.3 million square feet of gross leasable area (“GLA”).

CT REIT’s consolidated financial position, results of operations and property portfolio analyses include the REIT’s one-third interest in Canada Square, a mixed-use commercial property in Toronto, ON. CTC is CT REIT’s largest tenant. At September 30, 2015, CTC represented 98.0% of total operating GLA (December 31, 2014 - 97.9%) and 96.5% of annualized base minimum rent (December 31, 2014 - 96.4%).

Occupancy of the REIT's property portfolio, excluding properties under development, is as follows:

As at September 30, 2015			
(in square feet)	GLA	Occupied GLA	Occupancy
Canadian Tire stores	18,542,393	18,542,393	100.0%
Distribution centres	1,859,580	1,859,580	100.0%
Mixed-use property	281,304	274,422	97.6%
Third party tenants	295,682	287,148	97.1%
Other CTC banners	316,054	316,054	100.0%
Total	21,295,013	21,279,597	99.9%

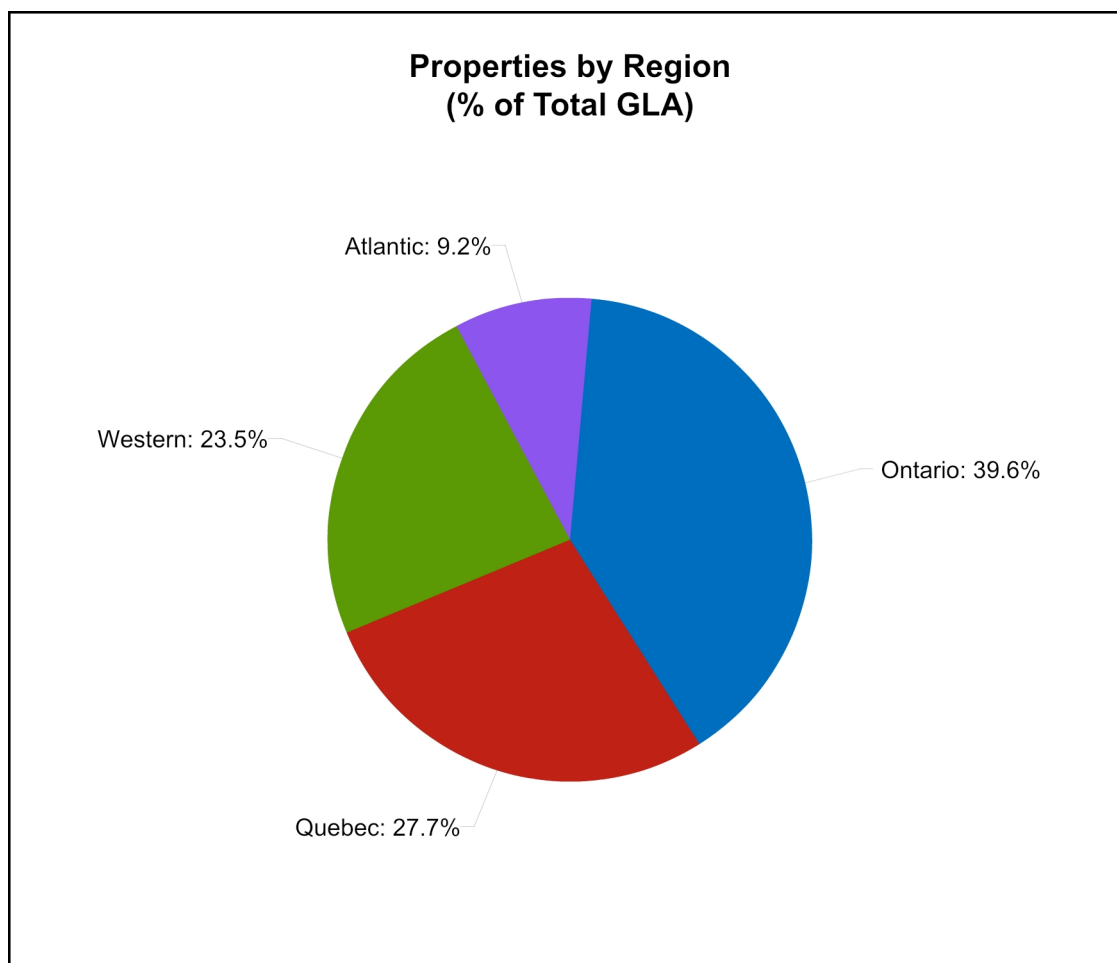
As at December 31, 2014			
(in square feet)	GLA	Occupied GLA	Occupancy
Canadian Tire stores	17,642,796	17,642,796	100%
Distribution centres	1,859,580	1,859,580	100%
Mixed-use property	281,304	270,594	96.2%
Third party tenants	293,956	281,513	95.8%
Other CTC banners	280,484	280,484	100%
Total	20,358,120	20,334,967	99.9%

The property count of the REIT's property portfolio is as follows:

As at	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Standalone properties	246	238
Multi-tenant properties anchored by Canadian Tire store	30	27
Multi-tenant properties not anchored by Canadian Tire store	3	3
Distribution centres	2	2
Mixed-use property	1	1
Total operating properties	282	271
Development properties	4	2
Total properties	286	273

As at	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Gas bars at retail properties	90	87

CT REIT's properties, excluding properties under development, by region, as a percentage of total GLA as at September 30, 2015 are as follows:



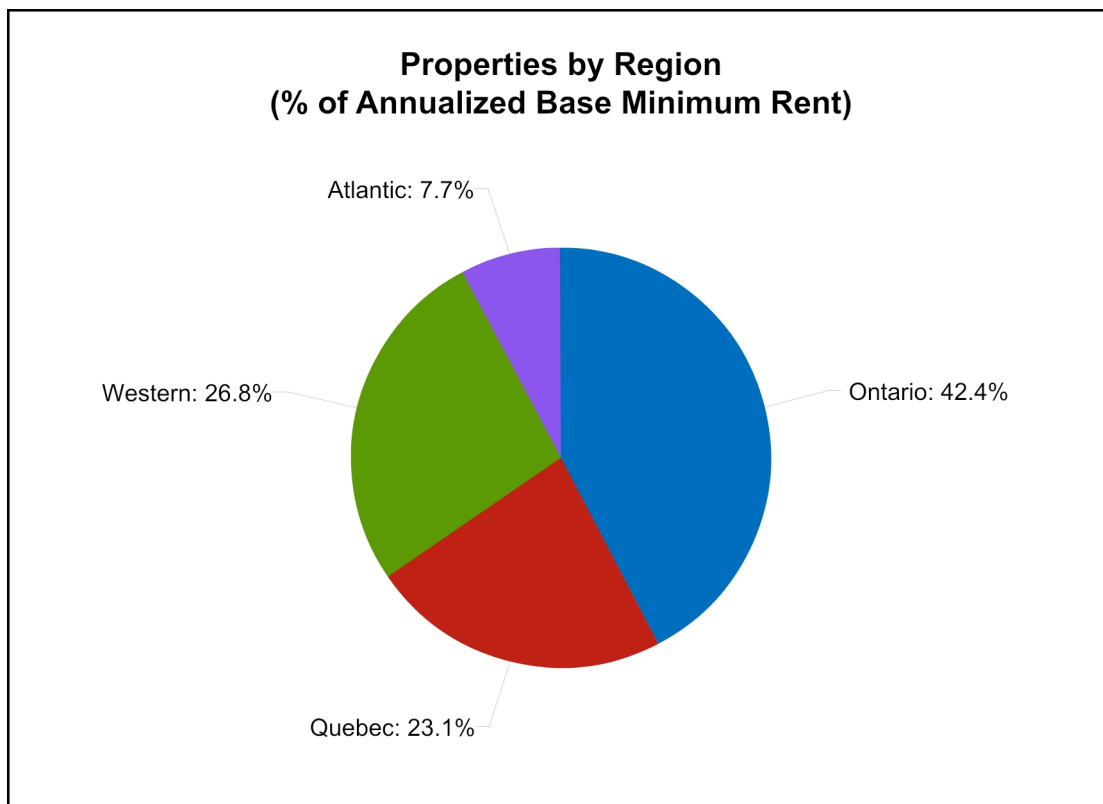
3.2 Six Largest Urban Markets

As at September 30, 2015, a significant portion of CT REIT's properties, excluding those under development, reside in the following large urban markets:

As at	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Toronto	18.8%	19.1%
Montreal	13.4%	13.0%
Vancouver	3.9%	4.1%
Ottawa	5.0%	5.3%
Calgary	1.6%	1.7%
Edmonton	4.8%	3.9%
Percentage of Annualized Base Minimum Rent	47.5%	47.1%

3.3 Revenue by Region

CT REIT's portfolio, excluding properties under development, is located across Canada with approximately 65.6% of annualized base minimum rent received in respect of properties in Ontario and Quebec.



3.4 Fair Value of Property Portfolio

The fair value of the property portfolio represents 98.3% of the total assets of CT REIT as at September 30, 2015.

	September 30, 2015			December 31, 2014		
	Income producing properties	Properties under development	Total investment properties	Income producing properties	Properties under development	Total investment properties
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 3,995,860	\$ 3,984	\$ 3,999,844	\$ 3,538,853	\$ 9,011	\$ 3,547,864
Property investments (including transaction costs)	149,987	—	149,987	228,684	—	228,684
Development land investments	—	8,626	8,626	—	3,982	3,982
Developments	—	20,924	20,924	—	19,963	19,963
Intensifications	14,611	—	14,611	11,951	—	11,951
Recoverable capital expenditures	11,243	—	11,243	17,052	—	17,052
Disposition	(167)	—	(167)	—	—	—
Capitalized interest and property taxes	—	233	233	—	442	442
Transfers	5,008	(5,008)	—	29,414	(29,414)	—
Straight-line rent	19,429	—	19,429	28,685	—	28,685
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	27,179	—	27,179	141,221	—	141,221
Balance at end of the period	\$ 4,223,150	\$ 28,759	\$ 4,251,909	\$ 3,995,860	\$ 3,984	\$ 3,999,844

Income producing properties ("IPP") include intensification activities consisting of modifications to existing stores.

Properties under development ("PUD") include:

- the development of vacant land and building construction,
- the construction of additional buildings on existing assets, and
- the redevelopment of a property.

At September 30, 2015, management's determination of fair value was updated for current market assumptions, utilizing market capitalization rates provided by independent valuation professionals.

On a periodic basis, CT REIT obtains independent valuations such that substantially all of the properties will be externally appraised over a four-year period. To date, independent appraisals were completed on 34 properties having a fair value of \$535,840 effective June 30, 2015.

Included in CT REIT's property portfolio are eight buildings that are situated on leased land. Assuming all extension periods are exercised, the land leases have terms between 27 and 52 years with an average remaining lease term of 38 years.

3.5 2015 Investment Activities

The following table presents properties acquired, intensified or developed during 2015.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for GLA amounts)	Transaction Date	GLA	Total Investment Cost
Property Location			
London, ON ¹	February 2015	105,075	
Prescott, ON ¹	February 2015	37,731	
Val D'or, QC ¹	February 2015	90,225	
Chambly, QC ¹	February 2015	51,322	
Strathmore, AB ¹	February 2015	39,271	
Dawson Creek, BC ²	March 2015	21,487	
Edmonton, AB ²	March 2015	20,464	
Kamloops, BC ²	March 2015	10,529	
Aylmer, ON ²	April 2015	3,132	
Miramichi, NB ²	April 2015	5,173	
St. Paul, AB ²	April 2015	5,436	
Hawkesbury, ON ¹	June 2015	65,848	
Montreal (Lasalle), QC ¹	June 2015	88,382	
Montreal (Pointe Aux Trembles), QC ¹	June 2015	78,464	
South Edmonton Common, AB ^{1, 3}	June 2015	185,997	
Wallaceburg, ON ¹	June 2015	27,852	
Yarmouth, NS ¹	June 2015	54,236	
Dryden, ON ²	June 2015	2,783	
Kemptville, ON ²	June 2015	5,030	
Peace River, AB ²	June 2015	1,452	
Roberval, QC ²	June 2015	3,003	
St. John, NB ²	June 2015	3,699	
Swift Current, SK ⁴	August 2015	22,504	
Saskatoon East, SK ²	September 2015	5,953	
Total		935,048	\$ 169,606

¹ Income producing property

² Intensification of existing asset ; rent commences on the first day of the following month.

³ Located on leased land

⁴ Development project

In late September 2015, the REIT transferred from properties under development to income producing properties \$5.0 million in construction costs for the completion of two pads, for two other CTC Banner stores, representing 22,504 square feet of GLA at Swift Current. The Swift Current project was completed ahead of schedule and is now generating NOI.

Also in late September 2015, the REIT completed the intensification of Saskatoon East which included the addition of a 5,953 square foot winterized canopy at a CTR store.

3.6 Development Activities

The following table provides details of the REIT's development activities as at September 30, 2015:

Property	Anticipated Date of Completion	Building Area (in square feet)			Total investment (in thousands of Canadian dollars)			
		Committed to Lease	Not Committed to Lease	Total	Incurred To-date ¹	Committed Additional Investment	Potential Future Investment	Total
Martensville, SK ²	Q4 2015	48,600	19,200	67,800				
High River, AB ²	Q4 2015	54,100	10,100	64,200				
Selkirk, MB ³	Q4 2015	16,000	—	16,000				
Waterdown, ON ³	Q4 2015	22,000	—	22,000				
Repentigny, QC ³	Q4 2015	4,400	—	4,400				
Innisfil, ON ²	Q2 2016	48,900	—	48,900				
Arnprior, ON ⁴	Q4 2016	123,700	9,000	132,700				
TOTAL		317,700	38,300	356,000	\$ 28,759	\$ 35,149	\$ 8,759	\$ 72,667

¹ Includes land investment of \$3,982 and \$8,626 for 2014 and 2015, respectively.

² Development of vacant land

³ Intensification of an existing income producing property

⁴ Redevelopment property

The total building area represents the maximum anticipated area of the developments. The "Not Committed to Lease" column includes area which may be under construction but not committed to lease, depending on site specific circumstances. For example, the REIT has single tenant pad locations at each of the Martensville, SK, and High River, AB developments that are not yet subject to a commitment and are not under construction. The "Committed Additional Investment" column represents the financial commitment required to complete the "Committed to Lease" area and related site works. The "Potential Future Investment" column is an estimate and represents the remaining costs to complete the entire development assuming the "Not Committed to Lease" area is leased and fully constructed.

On August 4th, 2015, the REIT acquired Arnprior Mall, a redevelopment property, with a GLA of 114,022 square feet and an occupancy rate of 57.0% including third party tenants and other CTC banners of 58,671 square feet and 5,841 square feet, respectively, as at September 30, 2015. The Arnprior Mall is being redeveloped to include a 43,222 square foot Canadian Tire store.

In October 2015 the Canadian Tire stores at Martensville and High River opened for business. The costs associated with development of these two stores will be transferred from properties under development to income producing properties in the fourth quarter of 2015. The third party leasing at Martensville and High River is ongoing and CT REIT is currently in discussions with prospective tenants.

During the third quarter, CT REIT had development activities occurring at seven investment properties representing 317,700 square feet, of which 80% has been leased to CTC. A total of \$28,759 has been expended on these developments and CT REIT anticipates investing an additional \$35,149 to complete the development of the 317,700 square feet.

3.7 Investment Activities

Funding for the Q3 2015 investment and development activities was as follows:

Q3 2015 Investment and Development Activity					
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Property investments	Development land investment	Developments and Redevelopments	Intensifications	Total
Funded with working capital to CTC	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 973	\$ 973
Funded with working capital to third parties	588	468	7,103	83	8,242
Issuance of Class B LP Units to CTC	—	—	—	—	—
Issuance of Class C LP Units to CTC	—	4,350	—	—	4,350
Mortgages assumed	—	—	2,955	—	2,955
Total costs	\$ 588	\$ 4,818	\$ 10,058	\$ 1,056	\$ 16,520

Funding for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of investment and development activities was as follows:

YTD 2015 Investment and Development Activity					
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Property investments	Development land investment	Developments and Redevelopments	Intensifications	Total
Funded with working capital to CTC	\$ 33,956	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 14,528	\$ 48,485
Funded with working capital to third parties ¹	1,201	486	17,969	83	19,739
Issuance of Class B LP Units to CTC	99,830	—	—	—	99,830
Issuance of Class C LP Units to CTC	15,000	8,139	—	—	23,139
Mortgages assumed	—	—	2,955	—	2,955
Total costs	\$ 149,987	\$ 8,626	\$ 20,924	\$ 14,611	\$ 194,148

¹Includes \$14.0 million for the construction of stores for other CTC Banners.

Funding for the year ended December 31, 2014 of investment activities was as follows:

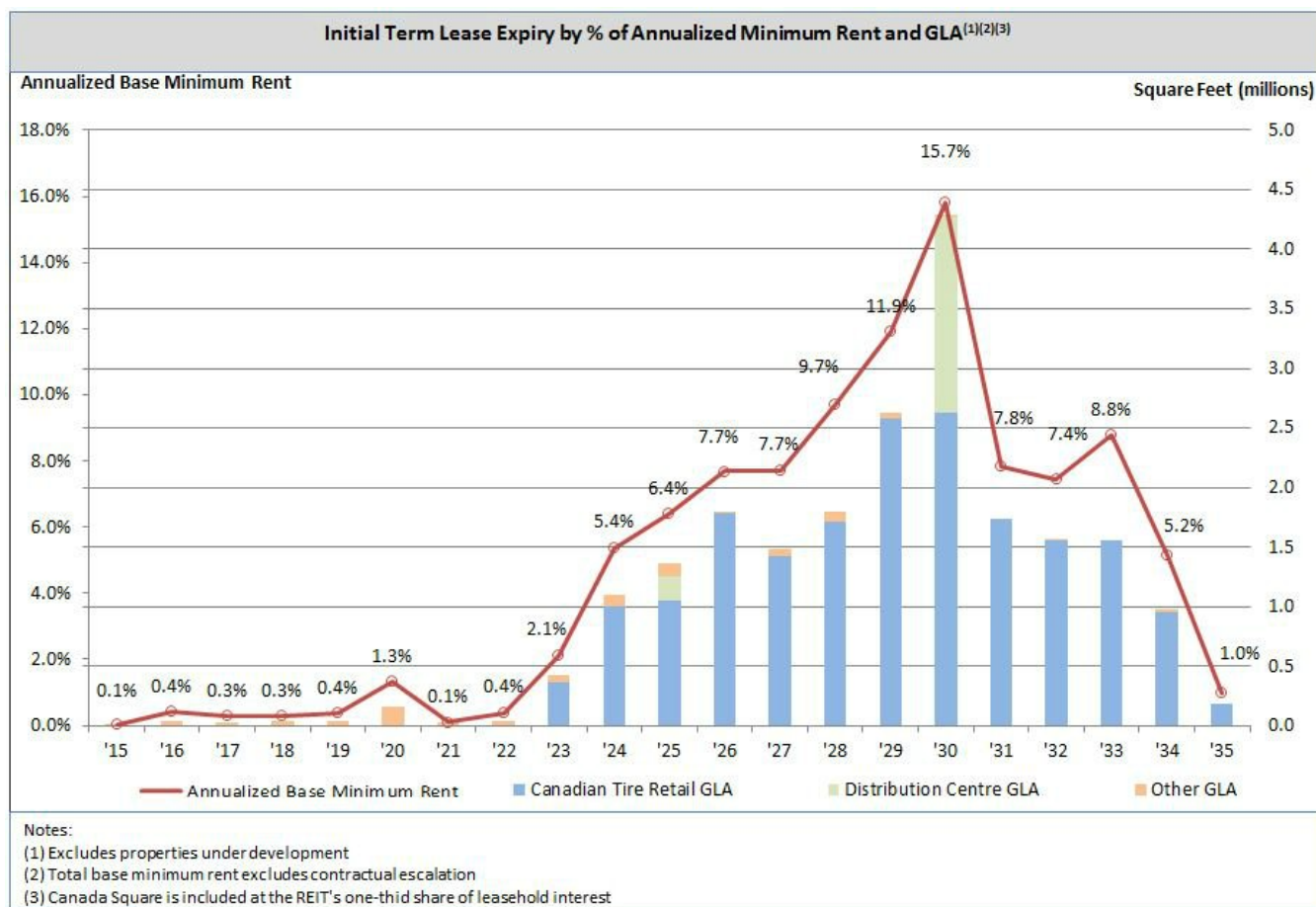
2014 Investment and Development Activity					
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Property investments	Development land investment	Developments	Intensifications	Total
Funded with working capital to CTC ¹	\$ 31,479	\$ —	\$ 19,929	\$ 11,951	\$ 63,359
Funded with working capital to third parties	71,267	3,982	34	—	75,283
Issuance of Class B LP Units to CTC	19,464	—	—	—	19,464
Issuance of Class C LP Units to CTC	47,279	—	—	—	47,279
Mortgages assumed	59,195	—	—	—	59,195
Total costs	\$ 228,684	\$ 3,982	\$ 19,963	\$ 11,951	\$ 264,580

¹Net of post-closing adjustments

3.8 Lease Maturities

CTC is CT REIT's largest tenant. As at September 30, 2015 CTC, including all CTC banners, had leased over 20.8 million square feet of GLA, with approximately 89% and 9% of the GLA attributable to retail and distribution properties, respectively. The weighted average term of the retail leases with CTC, including all CTC banners, is 13.8 years, excluding the exercise of any renewals. The weighted average term of the Canadian Tire store leases is 13.9 years, with a weighted average rental rate of \$13.01 per square foot. The weighted average lease term of the distribution centres, which are both leased by CTC, is 14.5 years. The weighted average lease term of all tenants in the REIT's portfolio, excluding those in development properties, is 13.7 years.

The following graph presents as of September 30, 2015 the lease maturity profile from 2015 to 2035 (assuming tenants do not exercise renewal options or termination rights) as a percentage of total base minimum rent and GLA as of the time of expiry.



3.9 Top 10 Tenants Excluding CTC Banners

As at September 30, 2015, CT REIT's 10 largest tenants, excluding CTC banners and those located in properties under development, as represented by the percentage of total annualized base rental revenue, are:

Rank	Tenant Name	Percentage of Total Annualized Base Rental Revenue
1	Overwaitea Foods	0.34%
2	Best Buy	0.29%
3	Precise Parklink	0.25%
4	Marshalls	0.24%
5	RBC Royal Bank	0.21%
6	Shoppers Drug Mart	0.19%
7	PetSmart	0.17%
8	GoodLife Fitness	0.17%
9	TV Ontario	0.16%
10	TD Canada Trust	0.14%
		2.16%

4.0 Results of Operations

4.1 Summary of Selected Financial and Operational Information

Readers are reminded that certain key performance indicators may not have standardized meanings under GAAP. For further information on the REIT's operating measures and non-GAAP financial measures, refer to sections 1.0 and 9.0.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per Unit, Unit and square footage amounts)							
For the periods ended September 30,	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended			Change
	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change	
Property revenue	\$ 95,916	\$ 89,535	7.1 %	\$ 281,581	\$ 255,579	10.2 %	
Income before interest and other financing charges, taxes and fair value adjustments ¹	\$ 71,741	\$ 66,044	8.6 %	\$ 209,679	\$ 192,332	9.0 %	
Income before interest and other financing charges, taxes and fair value adjustments/unit (basic) ^{1,2}	\$ 0.378	\$ 0.364	3.8 %	\$ 1.122	\$ 1.067	5.2 %	
Income before interest and other financing charges, taxes and fair value adjustments/unit (diluted, non-GAAP) ^{1,3}	\$ 0.378	\$ 0.364	3.8 %	\$ 1.122	\$ 1.066	5.3 %	
Net operating income ¹	\$ 67,478	\$ 60,803	11.0 %	\$ 197,220	\$ 177,533	11.1 %	
Net income	\$ 58,885	\$ 49,197	19.7 %	\$ 171,656	\$ 264,550	(35.1)%	
Net income/Unit (basic) ²	\$ 0.311	\$ 0.271	14.8 %	\$ 0.919	\$ 1.467	(37.4)%	
Net income/Unit (diluted) ⁴	\$ 0.242	\$ 0.202	19.8 %	\$ 0.709	\$ 0.951	(25.4)%	
Funds from operations ¹	\$ 49,369	\$ 44,736	10.4 %	\$ 144,684	\$ 130,270	11.1 %	
Funds from operations/Unit (diluted, non-GAAP) ^{1,2,3}	\$ 0.260	\$ 0.247	5.3 %	\$ 0.774	\$ 0.722	7.2 %	
Adjusted funds from operations ¹	\$ 38,548	\$ 33,664	14.5 %	\$ 112,665	\$ 98,210	14.7 %	
Adjusted funds from operations/Unit (diluted, non-GAAP) ^{1,2,3}	\$ 0.203	\$ 0.185	9.7 %	\$ 0.603	\$ 0.545	10.6 %	
Distributions/Unit - paid ^{2,7}	\$ 0.166	\$ 0.162	2.0 %	\$ 0.497	\$ 0.487	2.0 %	
AFFO payout ratio ¹	82%	87%	(5.7)%	82%	89%	(7.9)%	
Excess of AFFO over distributions:							
Cash retained from operations before distribution reinvestment ⁶	\$ 7,132	\$ 4,134	72.5 %	\$ 20,016	\$ 10,303	94.3 %	
Per Unit (diluted, non-GAAP) ^{1,2,3}	\$ 0.038	\$ 0.023	65.2 %	\$ 0.107	\$ 0.057	87.7 %	
Weighted average number of Units outstanding ²							
Basic	189,543,754	181,431,586	4.5 %	186,814,195	180,306,206	3.6 %	
Diluted ⁴	320,882,645	345,446,555	(7.1)%	325,905,939	342,307,814	(4.8)%	
Diluted (non-GAAP) ^{1,3}	189,630,969	181,479,601	4.5 %	186,891,378	180,346,826	3.6 %	
Period-end Units outstanding ²	189,562,625	181,449,434	4.5 %	189,562,625	181,449,434	4.5 %	
Total assets at September 30, 2015	\$ 4,324,229	\$ 3,974,736	8.8 %	\$ 4,324,229	\$ 3,974,736	8.8 %	
Total indebtedness as at September 30, 2015	\$ 2,078,826	\$ 1,950,346	6.6 %	\$ 2,078,826	\$ 1,950,346	6.6 %	
Book value per Unit as at September 30, 2015 ^{1,2}	\$ 11.51	\$ 10.90	5.6 %	\$ 11.51	\$ 10.90	5.6 %	
OTHER DATA							
Weighted average interest rate	4.22%	4.37%	(3.4)%				
Indebtedness ratio ¹	48.1%	49.1%	(2.0)%				
Interest coverage (times) ¹	3.22	3.15	2.2 %				
Debt / enterprise value ratio ¹	46.0%	49.4%	(6.9)%				
Gross leaseable area ⁵	21,295,013	20,122,113	5.8 %				
Occupancy rate ⁵	99.9%	99.9%	— %				

¹ Non-GAAP key performance indicators. Refer to section 9.0 for further information.

² Total Units consists of REIT Units and Class B LP Units outstanding.

³ Diluted Units used in calculating non-GAAP measures include restricted and deferred units issued under various plans and exclude the effect of assuming that all of the Class C LP Units will be settled with Class B LP Units.

⁴ Diluted Units determined in accordance with IFRS includes restricted and deferred units issued under various plans and the effect of assuming that all of the Class C LP Units will be settled with Class B LP Units. Refer to section 6.0.

⁵ Refers to retail, mixed-use and distribution properties and excludes properties under development.

⁶ Refer to section 6.0 for further information.

⁷ Period-over-period percentage change is calculated based on exact fractional amounts rather than rounded fractional amounts.

4.2 Financial Results for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)						
For the periods ended September 30,	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Property revenue	\$ 95,916	\$ 89,535	7.1%	\$ 281,581	\$ 255,579	10.2 %
Property expense	(21,944)	(21,649)	1.4%	(65,067)	(57,339)	13.5 %
General and administrative expense	(2,320)	(1,880)	23.4%	(6,981)	(6,237)	11.9 %
Interest income	89	38	134.2%	146	329	(55.6)%
Interest and other financing charges	(22,248)	(20,944)	6.2%	(65,202)	(61,698)	5.7 %
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	9,392	4,097	129.2%	27,179	133,916	(79.7)%
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 58,885	\$ 49,197	19.7%	\$ 171,656	\$ 264,550	(35.1)%

4.3 Property Revenue

Property revenue includes all amounts earned from tenants pursuant to lease agreements including property taxes, operating costs and other recoveries. Many of CT REIT's expenses are recoverable from tenants pursuant to their leases, with CT REIT absorbing these expenses to the extent of vacancies.

Total revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$6,381 (7.1%) compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to base rent related to properties acquired and intensification activities completed during 2015 and 2014. Total revenue included expense recoveries in the amount of \$21,037 (Q3 2014 - \$20,208).

Total revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$281,581 which was \$26,002 (10.2%) higher compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to base rent related to properties acquired and intensification activities completed during 2015 and 2014. Total revenue included expense recoveries in the amount of \$61,222 (YTD 2014 - \$53,964).

The total amount of base rent to be received from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. For the three months ended September 30, 2015, straight-line rent of \$6,539 (Q3 2014 - \$7,128) was included in total property revenue. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, straight-line rent was \$19,429 (YTD 2014 - \$20,842).

4.4 Property Expense

The major components of property expense consist of property taxes and costs associated with the outsourcing of property management services pursuant to the REIT's property management agreement with CTC (the "Property Management Agreement") as well as other costs, the majority of which are recoverable from tenants, with CT REIT absorbing these expenses to the extent of vacancies. The Property Management Agreement provides for services to the REIT to be on a cost recovery basis with a fixed maximum fee not to exceed \$2,336 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Refer to section 7.0 for additional information on the Property Management Agreement.

Property expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$295 (1.4%) compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to property acquisitions.

Property expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$7,728 (13.5%) compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to property acquisitions.

4.5 Net Operating Income

CT REIT defines NOI as property revenue less property expense, adjusted further for straight-line rent and land lease adjustments. Management believes that NOI is a useful key indicator of performance as it represents a measure over which management has control. NOI is also a key input in determining the value of the portfolio.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
For the periods ended September 30,	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Property revenue	\$ 95,916	\$ 89,535	7.1 %	\$ 281,581	\$ 255,579	10.2 %
Less:						
Property expense	(21,944)	(21,649)	1.4 %	(65,067)	(57,339)	13.5 %
Straight-line rent adjustment	(6,539)	(7,128)	(8.3)%	(19,429)	(20,842)	(6.8)%
Add:						
Straight-line land lease expense	45	45	— %	135	135	— %
Net operating income¹	\$ 67,478	\$ 60,803	11.0 %	\$ 197,220	\$ 177,533	11.1 %

¹ Non-GAAP key performance measure. Refer to section 9.1 in this MD&A for further information.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
For the periods ended September 30,	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Same store	\$ 59,705	\$ 57,838	3.2%	\$ 178,030	\$ 173,780	2.4%
Intensifications						
2015	243	—	NM	453	—	NM
2014	240	—	NM	722	—	NM
Same property	\$ 60,188	\$ 57,838	4.1%	\$ 179,205	\$ 173,780	3.1%
Acquisitions						
2015	2,631	—	NM	4,375	—	NM
2014	4,659	2,965	NM	13,640	3,753	NM
Net operating income¹	\$ 67,478	\$ 60,803	11.0%	\$ 197,220	\$ 177,533	11.1%

¹ Non-GAAP key performance measure. Refer to section 9.1 in this MD&A for further information

² NM - not meaningful

NOI for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$6,675 (11.0%) compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the acquisition of income producing properties completed in 2015 and 2014, which contributed \$4,325 to NOI growth.

Same store NOI and same property NOI for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$1,867 (3.2%) and \$2,350 (4.1%), respectively, when compared to the prior year for the following reasons:

- Contractual rent escalations of 1.5% per year, on average, contained within the Canadian Tire store leases, which are generally effective January 1st, contributed \$793 to NOI growth.
- Recovery of capital expenditures and interest earned on the unrecovered balance contributed \$450 to NOI growth.
- Intensifications completed in 2015 and 2014 contributed \$483 to NOI growth; and
- Increase in the recovery of operating expenses which increased NOI by \$528.

NOI for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$19,687 (11.1%) compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to acquisition of income producing properties completed in 2015 and 2014, which contributed \$14,262 to NOI growth.

Same store NOI and same property NOI for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased \$4,250 (2.4%) and \$5,425 (3.1%), respectively, when compared to the prior year for the following reasons:

- Contractual rent escalations of 1.5% per year, on average, contained within the Canadian Tire store leases, which are generally effective January 1st, contributed \$2,476 to NOI growth.
- Recovery of capital expenditures and interest earned on the unrecovered balance contributed \$1,503 to NOI growth.
- Intensifications completed in 2015 and 2014 contributed \$1,175 to NOI growth; and
- Increase in the recovery of operating expenses which increased NOI by \$224.

4.6 General and Administrative Expense

CT REIT has two broad categories of general and administrative expenses: i) public entity costs, and ii) outsourced costs. The public entity costs reflect the expenses related to ongoing operations of CT REIT which will fluctuate depending on when such expenses are incurred. The outsourced costs are largely related to the services provided by CTC pursuant to the services agreement (the "Services Agreement"). The Services Agreement provides for services to the REIT to be on a cost recovery basis with a fixed maximum fee not to exceed \$3,334 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Refer to section 7.0 for additional information on the Services Agreement.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
For the periods ended September 30,		2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Services Agreement	\$	829	\$ 824	0.6%	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,472	1.1%
Public entity costs		1,491	1,056	41.2%	4,481	3,765	19.0%
General and administrative expense	\$	2,320	\$ 1,880	23.4%	\$ 6,981	\$ 6,237	11.9%
As a percent of property revenue		2.4%	2.1%	14.3%	2.5%	2.4%	4.2%

General and administrative expenses amounted to \$2,320 or 2.4% of property revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2015 which is \$440 (23.4%) higher compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to:

- Increased compensation costs; and
- The recognition of a deferred tax asset in 2014 in connection with CT REIT GP Corp's ("GP") activities, partially offset by:
- Lower transfer agency and filing fees.

General and administrative expenses amounted to \$6,981 or 2.5% of property revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 which is \$744 (11.9%) higher compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to:

- Increased compensation costs; and
- Income tax expense recorded in 2015 in connection with CT REIT GP Corp's ("GP") activities which resulted in a drawdown of the REIT's deferred tax asset; partially offset by:
- Lower transfer agency and filing fees, and
- Decreased due diligence costs

4.7 Interest Income

Interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2015 increased by \$51 (134.2%) as compared to the same period in the prior year due to an increased balance of available cash to be invested in short-term marketable securities.

Interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 decreased by \$183 (55.6%) as compared to the same period in the prior year due to a decreased balance of available cash to be invested in short-term marketable securities.

4.8 Interest and Other Financing Charges

The Partnership has issued 1,670,418 Class C LP Units with a face value of \$1,670,418 and bearing a weighted average distribution rate of 4.52% per annum. The Class C LP Units are subject to redemption rights. Accordingly, the Class C LP Units are classified as financial liabilities and distributions on the Class C LP Units are presented in interest and other financing charges in the condensed consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
For the periods ended September 30,		2015	2014	Change ²	2015	2014	Change ²
Interest on Class C LP Units ¹	\$	18,866	\$ 20,516	(8.0)%	\$ 59,454	\$ 61,128	(2.7)%
Debt interest		2,833	—	NM	3,526	—	NM
Mortgage interest		403	245	64.5 %	1,225	245	400.0 %
Bank Credit Facility interest		—	109	(100.0)%	647	109	493.6 %
Bank Credit Facility costs		190	168	13.1 %	508	512	(0.8)%
Debt financing costs		56	—	NM	75	—	NM
		22,348	21,038	6.2 %	65,435	61,994	5.6 %
Less: capitalized interest		(100)	(94)	6.4 %	(233)	(296)	(21.3)%
Interest and other financing charges	\$	22,248	\$ 20,944	6.2 %	\$ 65,202	\$ 61,698	5.7 %

¹CTC elected to defer receipt of distributions on the Series 2-12 Class C LP Units for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 in the amount of \$18,765 (Q3 2014 - \$18,743) and \$50,040 (YTD 2014 - \$49,660), respectively, until the first business day following the end of the fiscal year and receive a loan in lieu thereof, which has been netted against interest payable on Class C LP Units and is included under the heading "other liabilities" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

²NM - not meaningful

Interest and other financing charges for the three months ended September 30, 2015 is \$1,304 (6.2%) higher compared to the same quarter in the prior year largely due to the debentures issued in June 2015 and mortgages assumed, partially offset by the redemption of Series 1 Class C LP units.

Interest and other financing charges for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 is \$3,504 (5.7%) higher compared to the same quarter in the prior year largely due to the debentures issued in June 2015, mortgages assumed and draws on the bank credit facility ("Bank Credit Facility") partially offset by the redemption of Series 1 Class C LP units.

4.9 Fair Value Adjustment on Investment Properties

CT REIT recorded a fair value gain on the investment properties of \$9,392 and \$27,179 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. The gain was as a result of increased future cash flows, partially offset by the deduction of transaction costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of investment properties.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, CT REIT recorded a fair value gain of \$133,916 on the portfolio of investment properties. Management's determination of value as at March 31, 2014 incorporated valuation parameters used by the external appraisers, which gave rise to a fair value adjustment of \$123,099 in Q1 2014; management had previously placed greater weight on the valuations implied by the initial public offering which closed on October 23, 2013. In addition, fair value gains of \$4,097 and \$10,817 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, were recorded as a result of increased cash flows partially offset by the deduction of transaction costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of investment properties.

4.10 Income Tax Expense

Management operates CT REIT in a manner that enables the REIT to continue to qualify as a real estate investment trust pursuant to the Income Tax Act (Canada) ("ITA"). CT REIT distributes 100% of its taxable income to Unitholders and therefore does not incur income tax expense in relation to its activities, with the exception of transactions with CT REIT GP Corp.

If CT REIT fails to distribute the required amount of income to Unitholders or if CT REIT fails to qualify as a REIT under the ITA, substantial adverse tax consequences may occur. Refer to section 10.0 for additional information on CT REIT's Enterprise Risk Management Program ("ERM Program").

4.11 Leasing Activities

The future financial performance of CT REIT will be impacted by occupancy rates, trends in rental rates achieved on leasing or renewing currently leased space, and contractual increases in rent. There was no significant leasing activity with tenants not related to CTC during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

4.12 Recoverable Capital Costs

Many of the capital costs that will be incurred by CT REIT are recoverable from tenants pursuant to the terms of their leases. The recoveries will occur either in the year in which such expenditures are incurred or, in the case of a major item of repair, maintenance or replacement, on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life thereof together with an imputed rate of interest on the unrecovered balance at any point in time. From time to time, as a result of specific lease terms which limit the recovery of expenses, CT REIT is unable to recover these costs from certain tenants. Capital expenditures of \$7,384 and \$11,243 (Q3 2014 - \$9,888 and YTD 2014 - \$10,864) were incurred during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015. Management expects that most of the REIT's recoverable capital expenditures should relate to parking lots, roofs and heating, ventilation and air conditioning activities that are typically seasonal.

5.0 Liquidity and Financial Condition

The following sections contain forward-looking information and users are cautioned that actual results may vary.

5.1 Liquidity

CT REIT intends to fund capital expenditures for acquisitions and development activities through (i) cash on hand, (ii) issuances of Units, Class B LP Units and Class C LP Units (iii) draws on the Bank Credit Facility (iv) assumption of existing debt, and/or (v) other long-term financing.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)			
As at	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	43,504	\$ 2,710
Unused portion of Bank Credit Facility		199,689	122,000
Liquidity	\$	243,193	\$ 124,710

Cash flow generated from operating the property portfolio represents the primary source of liquidity to service debt and to fund planned maintenance expenditures, leasing costs, general and administrative expenses and distributions (other sources being interest income as well as cash on hand).

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
For the periods ended September 30,	2015	2014	Change ¹	2015	2014	Change
Cash generated from operating activities	\$ 66,280	\$ 67,683	(2.1)%	\$ 196,232	\$ 170,879	14.8 %
Cash used for investing activities	(15,849)	(69,925)	(77.3)%	(68,277)	(112,366)	(39.2)%
Cash generated from/(used for) financing activities	(53,630)	(6,026)	NM	(87,161)	(104,016)	(16.2)%
Cash generated/(used) in the period	\$ (3,199)	\$ (8,268)	NM	\$ 40,794	\$ (45,503)	NM

¹ not meaningful

5.2 Discussion of Cash Flows During the Quarter

Cash used during the three months ended September 30, 2015 of \$3,199, is primarily the result of:

- cash used for land investments, developments activities and capital expenditures recoverable from tenants, partially offset by;
- the residual of cash generated from operating activities exceeding distributions and interest paid

Cash generated during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$40,794, is primarily the result of:

- cash generated from operating activities exceeding distributions and interest paid; and
- proceeds from the issuance of debentures payable exceeding the redemption of the Class C LP units, the repayment of the Bank Credit Facility and the funding of investing activities.

5.3 Credit Ratings

CT REIT is rated by two independent credit rating agencies: DBRS Limited ("DBRS") and Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P") which provide credit ratings of debt securities for commercial entities. A credit rating generally provides an indication of the risk that the borrower will not fulfill its full obligations in a timely manner with respect to both interest and principal commitments. Rating categories range from highest credit quality (generally "AAA") to default in payment (generally "D").

CT REIT's ratings are related to and currently equivalent to those of CTC, CT REIT's most significant tenant for the foreseeable future. This ratings equivalence is largely based on CTC's significant ownership position in CT REIT and the strategic relationship between CT REIT and CTC.

The following table sets out the current credit ratings of CT REIT:

Credit Ratings (Canadian Standards)	DBRS		S&P	
	Credit Rating	Trend	Credit Rating	Trend
Issue rating	BBB (high)	Stable	BBB+	Stable

5.4 Debt and Capital Structure

CT REIT's debt and capital structure is as follows:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		
As at	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Class C LP Units	\$ 1,670,418	\$ 1,847,279
Mortgages payable	60,519	58,494
Debentures payable	347,889	—
Bank Credit Facility	—	78,000
Total indebtedness	\$ 2,078,826	\$ 1,983,773
Unitholders' equity	1,021,902	982,588
Non-controlling interests	1,159,920	1,019,601
Total capital under management	\$ 4,260,648	\$ 3,985,962

CT REIT's total indebtedness at September 30, 2015 is higher than at December 31, 2014 primarily due to the issuance of \$350,000 of senior unsecured debentures, partially offset by the repayment of the REIT's Series 1 Class C LP Units of \$200,000 and its Bank Credit Facility by \$78,000.

CT REIT's Unitholders' equity and non-controlling interest at September 30, 2015 increased as compared to December 31, 2014 primarily as a result of net income exceeding distributions and due to the issuance of Class B LP Units.

Future payments in respect of CT REIT's indebtedness are as follows:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Mortgages Payable		Class C LP Units	Debentures	Bank Credit Facility	Total
	Principal Amortization	Maturities				
For the period ending December 31:						
2015	\$ 369	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 369
2016	1,199	2,854	200,000	—	—	204,053
2017	1,241	—	70,418	—	—	71,659
2018	422	16,661	—	—	—	17,083
2019	—	37,626	—	—	—	37,626
2020 and thereafter	—	—	1,400,000	350,000	—	1,750,000
Total contractual obligation	\$ 3,231	\$ 57,141	\$ 1,670,418	\$ 350,000	\$ —	\$ 2,080,790
Unamortized portion of mark to market interest rates on liabilities assumed in connection with the acquisition of properties	—	323	—	—	—	323
Unamortized debt financing costs	—	(176)	—	(2,111)	—	(2,287)
	\$ 3,231	\$ 57,288	\$ 1,670,418	\$ 347,889	\$ —	\$ 2,078,826

Interest rates on CT REIT's indebtedness range from 1.65% to 5.00%. The maturity dates on the indebtedness range from May 31, 2016 to May 31, 2038. Total indebtedness at September 30, 2015 has a weighted average interest rate of 4.22%, which is consistent with the rate as at June 30, 2015. At September 30, 2015, floating rate and fixed rate indebtedness were \$31,133 and \$2,047,693, respectively.

As at	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Variable rate debt	\$ 31,133	\$ 109,133
Total indebtedness	\$ 2,078,826	\$ 1,983,773
Variable rate debt / total indebtedness	1.50%	5.50%

CT REIT's variable rate debt to total indebtedness ratio at September 30, 2015, decreased as compared to December 31, 2014 due to the repayment of the bank credit facility and the increase in long term debt due to the issuance of \$350,000 in Debentures, partially offset by the redemption of \$200,000 Class C units.

The table below presents CT REIT's interest in assets at fair value that are available to it to finance and/or refinance its debt as at September 30, 2015:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except percentage amounts)	Number of Properties	Fair Value of Investment Properties	Percentage of Total Assets	Mortgages Payable	Loan to Value Ratio
Unencumbered assets	280	\$ 4,121,736	95.4%	\$ —	—
Encumbered assets	6	130,173	3.0%	60,519	46.5%
Total	286	\$ 4,251,909	98.4%	\$ 60,519	1.4%

The table below presents CT REIT's secured debt as a percentage of total indebtedness:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
As at		
Secured debt	\$ 60,519	\$ 58,494
Total indebtedness	\$ 2,078,826	\$ 1,983,773
Secured debt / total indebtedness	2.91%	2.95%

The table below presents CT REIT's indebtedness to EBITFV ratio:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
As at		
Total indebtedness	\$ 2,078,826	\$ 1,983,773
Annualized EBITFV ¹	\$ 279,572	\$ 260,031
Total indebtedness / EBITFV	7.44	7.63

¹ Non-GAAP key performance indicator. Refer to section 9.0 for further information.

5.5 Class C LP Units

At September 30, 2015 there were 1,670,418 Class C LP Units outstanding, all of which were held by CTC. The Class C LP Units are designed to provide CTC with an interest in the Partnership that entitles holders to a fixed cumulative monthly payment during the initial fixed rate period for each Series of Class C LP Units (the "Initial Fixed Rate Period") equal to a weighted average of 4.52% of the aggregate capital amount ascribed to the Class C LP Units, in priority to distributions made to holders of Class B LP Units and GP Units (subject to certain exceptions), if, as and when declared by the Board of Directors of the GP, payable monthly at an annual distribution rate for each series as set out in the table below. In addition, the Class C LP Units are entitled to receive Special Voting Units in certain limited circumstances.

On expiry of the Initial Fixed Rate Period applicable to each series of Class C LP Units, and every five years thereafter, each such series of Class C LP Units is redeemable at par (together with all accrued and unpaid payments thereon) at the option of the Partnership or the holder, upon giving at least 120 days' prior notice. The Partnership further has the ability to settle any of the Class C LP Units at any time after January 1, 2019 at a price equal to the

greater of par and a price to provide a yield equal to the then equivalent Government of Canada bond yield plus a spread, so long as such redemption is in connection with a sale of properties.

Such redemptions of Class C LP Units (other than upon a change of control at CT REIT) can be settled, at the option of the Partnership, in cash or Class B LP Units of equal value.

During the five-year period beginning immediately following the completion of the Initial Fixed Rate Period, and each five-year period thereafter, if not redeemed, the fixed payment rate for Class C LP Units will be reset, and the holders of Class C LP Units will be entitled, subject to certain conditions, to elect either a fixed rate or floating rate option.

The following table presents the details of the Class C LP Units:

Series of Class C LP Units	Initial Subscription Price (\$000)	Annual Distribution Rate During Initial Fixed Rate Period	Expiry of Initial Fixed Rate Period	% of Total Class C LP Units
Series 2	\$ 200,000	3.50%	May 31, 2016 (0.7 years)	12.0%
Series 3	200,000	4.50%	May 31, 2020 (4.7 years)	12.0%
Series 4	200,000	4.50%	May 31, 2024 (8.7 years)	12.0%
Series 5	200,000	4.50%	May 31, 2028 (12.7 years)	12.0%
Series 6	200,000	5.00%	May 31, 2031 (15.7 years)	12.0%
Series 7	200,000	5.00%	May 31, 2034 (18.7 years)	12.0%
Series 8	200,000	5.00%	May 31, 2035 (19.7 years)	12.0%
Series 9	200,000	5.00%	May 31, 2038 (22.7 years)	12.0%
Series 10	7,130	2.38%	May 31, 2017 (1.7 years)	0.4%
Series 11	20,685	2.20%	May 31, 2017 (1.7 years)	1.2%
Series 12	19,464	2.23%	May 31, 2017 (1.7 years)	1.1%
Series 13	3,789	1.65%	May 31, 2017 (1.7 years)	0.2%
Series 14	15,000	1.71%	May 31, 2017 (1.7 years)	0.9%
Series 15	4,350	1.77%	May 31, 2017 (1.7 years)	0.2%
Total / weighted average	\$ 1,670,418	4.52%	12.5 years	100%
Current	\$ 200,000			
Non-current	1,470,418			
Total	\$ 1,670,418			

5.6 Debentures Payable

Series	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Face Value	Carrying Amount	Face Value	Carrying Amount
Series A, 2.85%, June 9, 2022	\$ 150,000	\$ 149,128	\$ —	\$ —
Series B, 3.53%, June 9, 2025	200,000	198,761	—	—
	\$ 350,000	\$ 347,889	\$ —	\$ —

On June 9, 2015, CT REIT issued \$350,000 aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured debentures (the "Debentures"). The proceeds, net of issuance costs of \$2,186, were used to indirectly redeem the Series 1 Class C LP Units held by CTC, to pay down certain amounts then outstanding under the Bank Credit Facility, and the balance of the proceeds has been retained for general business purposes.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, amortization of the transaction costs of \$56 and \$75 (Q3 2014 - \$nil and YTD 2014 - \$nil) is included in interest and other financing charges on the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income (see Note 15).

The Debentures have been rated "BBB+" by S&P and "BBB (high)" by DBRS Limited. The Debentures are direct senior unsecured obligations of CT REIT.

5.7 Mortgages Payable

Mortgages payable, secured by certain of CT REIT's investment properties, include the following:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)					
As at	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014		
	Face value	Carrying amount	Face value	Carrying amount	
Current	\$ 4,119	\$ 4,228	\$ 1,158	\$ 1,275	
Non-current	56,253	56,291	57,148	57,219	
Total	\$ 60,372	\$ 60,519	\$ 58,306	\$ 58,494	

During the third quarter, the REIT assumed a mortgage payable, due in May 2016, totaling \$2,955 with an annual interest rate of 2.50%.

5.8 Bank Credit Facility

The Partnership has a \$200,000 Bank Credit Facility with an option to request an increase by an additional \$100,000, which is available to the Partnership until July 2020. The Bank Credit Facility bears interest at a rate based on the bank's prime rate of interest or bankers' acceptances plus a margin. A stand-by fee is charged on the Bank Credit Facility.

As at September 30, 2015, there were no cash advances under the Bank Credit Facility (December 31, 2014 - \$78,000). The unamortized balance of transaction costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of the Bank Credit Facility of \$317 (December 31, 2014 - \$434) is recorded in other assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The table below summarizes the details of the Bank Credit Facility as at September 30, 2015:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)			
Bank Credit Facility Maximum Loan Amount	Cash Advances	Letters of Credit	Available to be Drawn
\$ 200,000	—	311	\$ 199,689

5.9 Capital Strategy

Management expects the REIT's future debt will be in the form of:

- Class C LP Units (treated as debt for accounting purposes);
- funds drawn on the Bank Credit Facility;
- unsecured public debt; and
- limited use of secured debt assumed upon acquisition of properties.

Management's objectives are to access the lowest cost of capital with the most flexible terms, to have a maturity/redemption schedule (for fixed term obligations) spread over a time horizon so as to manage refinancing risk and to be in a position to finance acquisition opportunities when they become available.

The Declaration of Trust limits the REIT's overall indebtedness ratio to 60% of total aggregate assets, excluding convertible debentures, and 65% including convertible debentures.

CT REIT's indebtedness ratio was 48.1% as at September 30, 2015. Refer to section 9.0 for the definition and calculation of CT REIT's indebtedness ratio.

At September 30, 2015 CT REIT was in compliance with the financial and non-financial covenants contained in the Declaration of Trust, and the Trust Indenture dated June 9, 2015 pursuant to which the Series A and B unsecured debentures were issued, the Bank Credit Facility agreement and the mortgages payable agreements.

CT REIT has also adopted interest coverage guidelines which provide an indication of the REIT's ability to service or pay the interest charges relating to the underlying debt.

CT REIT will generally operate its affairs and manage its capital structure so that its interest coverage ratio is in a range of 2.4 to 3.8 times. For the three months ended September 30, 2015, CT REIT's interest coverage ratio was 3.2 times. Refer to section 9.0 for the definition and calculation of CT REIT's interest coverage ratio.

Assuming a future economic environment that is substantially similar to the current environment, management does not foresee any material impediments to refinancing future debt maturities.

5.10 Commitments and Contingencies

As at September 30, 2015, CT REIT has obligations for approximately \$35,149 (December 31, 2014 - \$18,530) in future payments for the completion of developments which are expected to be incurred in 2015 and 2016. Included in the commitments, are \$26,428 due to CTC.

CT REIT has sufficient liquidity to fund these future commitments as a result of (i) its conservative use of leverage on the balance sheet, (ii) liquidity on hand, (iii) its Bank Credit Facility, (iv) an investment grade credit rating, (v) unencumbered assets, and (vi) sufficient operating cash flow retained in the business.

5.11 Base Shelf Prospectus

CT REIT filed a base shelf prospectus in Q1 2015 under which it may raise up to \$1.5 billion of debt and equity capital. During the second quarter, the REIT issued \$350,000 of senior unsecured debentures. The shelf also qualifies the sale of CT REIT Units by CTC.

6.0 Equity

6.1 Authorized Capital and Outstanding Units

CT REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Units. As of September 30, 2015, CT REIT had a total of 90,299,296 Units outstanding, 59,711,094 of which were held by CTC and 99,263,329 Class B LP Units outstanding (together with a corresponding number of Special Voting Units), all of which were held by CTC.

Class B LP Units are economically equivalent to Units, are accompanied by a Special Voting Unit and are exchangeable at the option of the holder for Units (subject to certain conditions). Holders of the Class B LP Units are entitled to receive distributions when declared by the Partnership equal to the per Unit amount of distributions payable on the Units. However, Class B LP Units have limited voting rights over the Partnership.

The following tables summarize the total number of Units issued:

As at September 30, 2015			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Total outstanding at beginning of year	90,188,210	91,297,572	181,485,782
Issued	111,086	7,965,757	8,076,843
Total outstanding at end of period	90,299,296	99,263,329	189,562,625

As at December 31, 2014			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Total outstanding at beginning of year	90,026,773	89,559,871	179,586,644
Issued	161,437	1,737,701	1,899,138
Total outstanding at end of year	90,188,210	91,297,572	181,485,782

Each Unit is transferable and represents an equal, undivided beneficial interest in the REIT and any distributions from the REIT. Each Unit entitles the holder to one vote at all meetings of Unitholders.

Special Voting Units are only issued in tandem with Class B LP Units, or in limited circumstances, to holders of the Class C LP Units and are not transferable separately from the Class B LP Units or Class C LP Units to which they relate. Each Special Voting Unit entitles the holder thereof to one vote at all meetings of Unitholders or with respect to any written resolution of Unitholders. Except for the right to attend meetings and vote on resolutions, Special Voting Units do not confer upon the holders thereof any other rights.

Net income attributable to Unitholders and weighted average Units outstanding used in determining basic and diluted net income per Unit are calculated as follows:

Three months ended September 30, 2015			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Net income attributable to Unitholders - basic	\$ 28,048	\$ 30,837	\$ 58,885
Income effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			18,866
Net income attributable to Unitholders - diluted			\$ 77,751
Weighted average Units outstanding - basic	90,280,425	99,263,329	189,543,754
Dilutive effect of other Unit plans			87,215
Dilutive effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			131,251,676
Weighted average Units outstanding - diluted			320,882,645

Nine months ended September 30, 2015			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Net income attributable to Unitholders - basic	\$ 82,844	\$ 88,812	\$ 171,656
Income effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			59,454
Net income attributable to Unitholders - diluted			\$ 231,110
Weighted average Units outstanding - basic	90,243,681	96,570,514	186,814,195
Dilutive effect of other Unit plans			77,183
Dilutive effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			139,014,561
Weighted average Units outstanding - diluted			325,905,939

Three months ended September 30, 2014			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Net income attributable to Unitholders - basic	\$ 24,440	\$ 24,757	\$ 49,197
Income effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			20,516
Net income attributable to Unitholders - diluted			\$ 69,713
Weighted average Units outstanding - basic	90,134,014	91,297,572	181,431,586
Dilutive effect of other Unit plans			48,015
Dilutive effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			163,966,954
Weighted average Units outstanding - diluted			345,446,555

Nine months ended September 30, 2014			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Net income attributable to Unitholders - basic	\$ 132,593	\$ 131,957	\$ 264,550
Income effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			61,128
Net income attributable to Unitholders - diluted			\$ 325,678
Weighted average Units outstanding - basic	90,090,719	90,215,487	180,306,206
Dilutive effect of other Unit plans			40,620
Dilutive effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			161,960,988
Weighted average Units outstanding - diluted			342,307,814

The calculation of diluted per Unit amounts is determined on a combined basis for the Units and the Class B LP Units given that the Class B LP Units are exchangeable into Units on a one for one basis and are entitled to an equivalent amount of net income per Class B LP Unit as the Units, and to reflect the dilutive effect of potentially settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units.

6.2 Equity

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)			
As at	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014
Equity - beginning of the period	\$	2,002,189	\$ 1,780,386
Issuance of Class B LP Units, net of issue costs		99,727	19,406
Net income and comprehensive income for the period		171,656	318,261
Issuance of Units under Distribution Reinvestment Plan		1,346	1,781
Distributions to non-controlling interests		(48,220)	(58,971)
Distributions to Unitholders		(44,876)	(58,674)
Equity - end of the period	\$	2,181,822	\$ 2,002,189

The following section contains forward-looking information and users are cautioned that actual results may vary.

6.3 Distributions

CT REIT's primary business goal is to accumulate a portfolio of high-quality real estate assets and deliver the benefits of such real estate ownership to Unitholders. The primary benefit to Unitholders is expected to be reliable, durable and growing distributions over time.

In determining the amount of the monthly distributions paid to Unitholders, the Board applies discretionary judgment to forward-looking cash flow information, such as forecasts and budgets, and many other factors including provisions in the Declaration of Trust, the macro-economic and industry-specific environment, debt maturities, covenants and taxable income.

The Board regularly reviews CT REIT's rate of distributions to ensure an appropriate level of distributions.

On September 15, 2015, CT REIT's Board declared a distribution of \$0.05525 per Unit paid on October 15, 2015 to holders of Units and Class B LP Units of record as of September 30, 2015.

On October 15, 2015, CT REIT's Board declared a distribution of \$0.05525 per Unit payable on November 13, 2015 to holders of Units and Class B LP Units of record as of October 31, 2015.

On November 9, 2015, the Board reviewed the current rate of distribution of \$0.663 per Unit per year and approved an increase in the annual rate of distribution to \$0.68 per Unit per year, commencing with the December 31, 2015 record date.

Net income prepared in accordance with IFRS recognizes certain revenues and expenses at time intervals that do not match the receipt or payment of cash. Therefore, in applying judgment, consideration is given to AFFO (which is the product of the cash generated from, and required for, financing and operating activities) and other factors when establishing distributions to Unitholders.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per Unit amounts)					
For the periods ended September 30,	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Distributions before distribution reinvestment - paid	\$ 31,416	\$ 29,530	\$ 92,649	\$ 87,907	
Distribution reinvestment	470	401	1,346	1,372	
Distributions net of distribution reinvestment - paid	\$ 30,946	\$ 29,129	\$ 91,303	\$ 86,535	
Distributions per Unit - paid	\$ 0.166	\$ 0.162	\$ 0.497	\$ 0.487	

The distributions per Unit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are higher than the same period in the prior year due to the increase in the annual rate of distributions effective with the first distribution paid in 2015.

CT REIT's distributions for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are less than the REIT's cash generated from operating activities, cash generated from operating activities reduced by interest expense, and less than AFFO for the same periods.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
For the periods ended September 30,		2015	2014	2015	2014
AFFO ¹	\$	38,548	\$ 33,664	\$ 112,665	\$ 98,210
Distributions before distribution reinvestment - paid	\$	31,416	\$ 29,530	\$ 92,649	\$ 87,907
Excess of AFFO over distributions paid	\$	7,132	\$ 4,134	\$ 20,016	\$ 10,303

¹ Non-GAAP key performance indicator. Refer to section 9.0 for further information.

7.0 Related Party Transactions

Related Party Transactions

CT REIT's controlling Unitholder is CTC, which, on September 30, 2015, held an approximate 83.9% effective interest in the REIT, through ownership of 59,711,094 Units and all of the issued and outstanding Class B LP Units and Class C LP Units.

In addition to its ownership interest, CTC is CT REIT's largest tenant representing approximately 96.5% of the annualized base minimum rent earned by CT REIT and approximately 98.0% of its GLA as at September 30, 2015.

In the normal course of its operations, CT REIT enters into various transactions with related parties that have been valued at amounts agreed to between the parties and recognized in the interim financial statements. Investment property transactions with CTC amounted to \$5,323 (Q3 2014 - \$nil) for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and \$171,454 (YTD 2014 - \$102,160) for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Refer to Note 3 to the interim financial statements for additional information.

Services Agreement

Under the Services Agreement, CTC provides the REIT with certain administrative, legal, financial, information technology, internal audit and other support services as may be reasonably required from time to time (the "Services"). CTC provides these Services to the REIT on a cost recovery basis pursuant to which CT REIT reimburses CTC for all costs and expenses incurred by CTC in connection with providing the Services, plus applicable taxes. There is a fixed maximum fee not to exceed \$3,334 for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Services Agreement's initial term ends on December 31, 2015 and is renewable for further one year terms thereafter, unless otherwise terminated. The Services Agreement has been renewed for 2016.

Property Management Agreement

Under the Property Management Agreement, CTC provides the Partnership with customary property management services (the "Property Management Services"). CTC agreed to provide Property Management Services to the Partnership on a cost recovery basis pursuant to which the Partnership reimburses CTC for all costs and expenses incurred by CTC in connection with providing the Property Management Services, plus applicable taxes. There is a fixed maximum fee not to exceed \$2,336 for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Property Management Agreement's initial term ends on December 31, 2015 and is renewable for further one year terms thereafter, unless otherwise terminated. The Property Management Agreement has been renewed for 2016.

Development Agreement

CT REIT, the Partnership and CTC entered into the Development Agreement for a term expiring on the later of (i) 10 years from the closing of the REIT's Initial Public Offering, Acquisition and other related transactions on October 23, 2013; and, (ii) such time when CTC ceases to hold, directly or indirectly, a majority of the Voting Units comprising any combination of Units and Special Voting Units. Pursuant to the Development Agreement, CT REIT has a preferential right to participate in property developments, subject to certain exceptions, that meet CT REIT's investment and other criteria, an option to purchase development properties and an option to provide mezzanine financing for developments. The Agreement requires CTC to present, in certain circumstances, new shopping centre acquisition opportunities in Canada to CT REIT.

Refer to CT REIT's 2014 AIF for additional information on related party agreements and arrangements with CTC.

CT REIT's policy is to conduct all transactions and settle all balances with related parties on market terms and conditions. The following table summarizes CT REIT's related party transactions as at September 30, 2015:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
For the periods ended September 30,	2015 ¹	2014 ¹	2015 ¹	2014 ¹
Rental revenue	\$ 91,621	\$ 85,456	\$ 269,371	\$ 246,815
Property Management and Services Agreement expense	\$ 1,364	\$ 1,356	\$ 4,113	\$ 4,067
Distributions on Units	\$ 9,897	\$ 9,703	\$ 29,691	\$ 29,109
Distributions on Class B LP Units	\$ 16,453	\$ 14,835	\$ 48,220	\$ 44,036
Interest expense on Class C LP Units	\$ 18,866	\$ 20,516	\$ 59,454	\$ 61,128

¹ Excludes acquisition activity. See Note 3 of the interim financial statements.

The net balance due to CTC is comprised of the following:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		
As at	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Tenant and other receivables	\$ (7,283)	\$ (8,505)
Class C LP Units	1,670,418	1,847,279
Amounts payable on Class C LP Units	56,332	75,263
Loans receivable in lieu of payments on Class C LP Units	(50,040)	(68,425)
Other liabilities	20,141	6,023
Distributions payable on Units and Class B LP Units	10,172	8,908
Loans receivable in lieu of distributions on Class B LP Units	(1,389)	(565)
Net due to CTC	\$ 1,698,351	\$ 1,859,978

8.0 Accounting Policies and Estimates

8.1 Significant Areas of Estimation

The preparation of the interim financial statements requires management to apply judgments, and to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Estimates are based upon historical experience and on various other assumptions that are reasonable under the circumstances. The result of ongoing evaluation of these estimates forms the basis for applying judgment with regards to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results may differ from estimates. CT REIT's critical judgments in applying significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 of the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report, the most significant of which is the fair value of investment properties.

Fair Value of Investment Properties

To determine fair value, CT REIT uses the income approach. Fair value is estimated by capitalizing the cash flows that a property can reasonably be expected to produce over its remaining economic life. The income approach is derived from two methods: the overall capitalization rate ("OCR") method, whereby the net operating income is capitalized at the requisite OCR, or the discounted cash flow ("DCF") method, in which the cash flows are projected over the anticipated term of the investment plus a terminal value discounted using an appropriate discount rate.

Properties under development are recorded at acquisition cost and are adjusted to fair value at each balance sheet date with the fair value adjustment recognized in earnings.

8.2 New Standards Implemented

There were no new standards implemented for the three months ended September 30, 2015.

8.3 Standards, Amendments and Interpretations Issued and Not Yet Adopted

Refer to Note 2 of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 for details on standards, amendments and interpretations issued and not yet adopted.

Details of the standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet adopted are described in Note 2 to the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report, except for IFRS 15 - *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("IFRS 15"), which is to be applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted.

9.0 Non-GAAP and Operational Key Performance Indicators

CT REIT uses non-GAAP key performance indicators including NOI, same store NOI, same property NOI, FFO, FFO per Unit, AFFO, AFFO per Unit, EBITFV, interest coverage ratio, indebtedness ratio, debt to enterprise value ratio and book value per Unit. CT REIT believes these non-GAAP measures and ratios provide useful supplemental information to both management and investors in measuring the financial performance of CT REIT in meeting its principle objective of the creation of Unitholder value by generating reliable, durable and growing monthly distributions. When calculating diluted FFO and AFFO per Unit, management excludes the effect of settling the Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units, which is required when calculating diluted Units in accordance with IFRS.

These measures and ratios do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore they may not be comparable to similarly titled measures and ratios presented by other publicly traded entities, and should not be construed as an alternative to other financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP.

9.1 Net Operating Income

CT REIT defines NOI as property revenue less property expense and is adjusted further for straight-line rent and land lease adjustments. Management believes that NOI is a useful key indicator of performance as it represents a measure over which management of property operations has control. NOI is also a key input in determining the value of the portfolio. Refer to section 4.0 for the calculation of NOI.

9.1.1 Same Store NOI

Same store NOI is a non-GAAP financial measure which reports the period-over-period performance of the same asset base having consistent gross leaseable area in both periods. To calculate same store NOI growth, NOI is further adjusted to remove the impact of lease cancellation fees and other non-recurring items. Refer to section 4.0 for the calculation of same store NOI.

9.1.2 Same Property NOI

Same property NOI is a non-GAAP financial measure that is consistent with the definition of same store NOI above, except that same property includes the NOI impact of intensifications. Refer to section 4.0 for the calculation of same property NOI.

9.2 Funds From Operations

FFO is a non-GAAP financial measure of operating performance widely used by the real estate industry, particularly by those publicly traded entities that own and operate income-producing properties. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income or cash flows provided by operating activities determined in accordance with IFRS. CT REIT calculates its FFO in accordance with the Real Property Association of Canada White Paper on FFO for IFRS issued in April 2014. The purpose of the White Paper was to provide reporting issuers and investors with greater guidance on the definition of FFO and to help promote more consistent disclosure amongst reporting issuers. The use of FFO, combined with the required IFRS presentations, has been included for the purpose of improving the understanding of the operating results of CT REIT.

Management believes that FFO provides an operating performance measure that, when compared period-over-period, reflects the impact on operations of trends in occupancy levels, rental rates, operating costs and property taxes, acquisition activities and interest costs, and provides a perspective of the financial performance that is not immediately apparent from net income determined in accordance with IFRS. FFO adds back to net income items that do not arise from operating activities, such as fair value adjustments.

FFO, however, still includes non-cash revenues related to accounting for straight-line rent and makes no deduction for the recurring capital expenditures necessary to sustain the existing earnings stream.

9.3 Adjusted Funds From Operations

AFFO is a supplemental measure of operating performance widely used in the real estate industry to assess an entity's ability to pay distributions. Management believes that AFFO is an effective measure of the cash generated from operations, after providing for operating capital requirements which are referred to as "productive capacity maintenance expenditures".

CT REIT calculates AFFO by adjusting FFO for non-cash income and expense items such as amortization of straight-line rents. FFO is also adjusted for a reserve for maintaining productive capacity required for sustaining property infrastructure and revenue from real estate properties and direct leasing costs. Property capital expenditures do not occur evenly during the fiscal year or from year to year. The property capital reserve in the AFFO calculation is intended to reflect an average annual spending level. The reserve is based on a 15-year average expenditure as determined by building condition reports prepared during 2013 by an independent consultant. The amount is also consistent with actual average amounts spent by CTC prior to October 2013.

There is currently no standard industry-defined measure of AFFO. As such, CT REIT's method of calculating AFFO may differ from that of other real estate entities and, accordingly, may not be comparable to such amounts reported by other issuers.

A reconciliation of the IFRS term “Cash Generated from Operating Activities” (refer to the consolidated statements of cash flow for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015) to AFFO is as follows:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
For the periods ended September 30,	2015	2014	Change ¹	2015	2014	Change ¹
Cash generated from operating activities	\$ 66,280	\$ 67,683	(2.1)%	\$ 196,232	\$ 170,879	14.8 %
Changes in working capital and other	(1,033)	(8,722)	(88.2)%	(5,847)	746	(883.8)%
Deferred taxes	(202)	(364)	(44.5)%	152	(364)	(141.8)%
Fair value adjustment of unit based compensation	78	—	NM	55	—	NM
Interest and other financing charges	(22,248)	(20,944)	6.2 %	(65,202)	(61,698)	5.7 %
Normalized capital expenditure reserve	(4,327)	(3,989)	8.5 %	(12,725)	(11,353)	12.1 %
AFFO	\$ 38,548	\$ 33,664	14.5 %	\$ 112,665	\$ 98,210	14.7 %

¹ NM - not meaningful.

The following table reconciles GAAP net income and comprehensive income to FFO and further reconciles FFO to AFFO:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per unit amounts)	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
For the periods ended September 30,	2015	2014	Change ³	2015	2014	Change ³
Net Income and comprehensive income	58,885	\$ 49,197	19.7 %	171,656	\$ 264,550	(35.1)%
Fair value adjustment of investment property	(9,392)	(4,097)	129.2 %	(27,179)	(133,916)	(79.7)%
Deferred taxes	(202)	(364)	(44.5)%	152	(364)	(141.8)%
Fair value adjustment of unit based compensation	78	—	NM	55	—	NM
Funds from operations	49,369	\$ 44,736	10.4 %	144,684	130,270	11.1 %
Properties straight-line rent	(6,539)	(7,128)	(8.3)%	(19,429)	(20,842)	(6.8)%
Straight-line land lease expense	45	45	— %	135	135	— %
Normalized capital expenditure reserve	(4,327)	(3,989)	8.5 %	(12,725)	(11,353)	12.1 %
Adjusted funds from operations	38,548	\$ 33,664	14.5 %	112,665	98,210	14.7 %
FFO per Unit - basic	\$ 0.260	\$ 0.247	5.3 %	\$ 0.774	\$ 0.722	7.2 %
FFO per Unit - diluted (non-GAAP) ¹	\$ 0.260	\$ 0.247	5.3 %	\$ 0.774	\$ 0.722	7.2 %
AFFO per Unit - basic	\$ 0.203	\$ 0.186	9.1 %	\$ 0.603	\$ 0.545	10.6 %
AFFO per Unit - diluted (non-GAAP) ¹	\$ 0.203	\$ 0.185	9.7 %	\$ 0.603	\$ 0.545	10.6 %
AFFO payout ratio ²	82%	87%	(5.7)%	82%	89%	(7.9)%
Distribution per Unit - paid	\$ 0.166	\$ 0.162	2.0 %	\$ 0.497	\$ 0.487	2.0 %
Weighted average units outstanding - basic	189,543,754	181,431,586	4.5 %	186,814,195	180,306,206	3.6 %
Weighted average units outstanding - diluted (non-GAAP) ¹	189,630,969	181,479,601	4.5 %	186,891,378	180,346,826	3.6 %
Number of units outstanding, end of period	189,562,625	181,449,434	4.5 %	189,562,625	181,449,434	4.5 %

¹ For the purposes of calculating diluted FFO and AFFO per Unit, diluted Units includes restricted and deferred units issued under various plans and excludes the effects of settling the Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units.

² Calculated as Distributions per Unit divided by AFFO per Unit - diluted (non-GAAP).

³ NM - not meaningful.

FFO for the three months ended September 30, 2015 amounted to \$49,369 or \$0.260 per Unit (diluted non-GAAP) and was \$4,633 (10.4%) higher than the same period in 2014 largely due to the impact of NOI variances discussed earlier.

FFO for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 amounted to \$144,684 or \$0.774 per Unit (diluted non-GAAP) and was \$14,414 (11.1%) higher than the same period in 2014 largely due to the impact of NOI variances discussed earlier.

AFFO for the three months ended September 30, 2015 amounted to \$38,548 or \$0.203 per Unit (diluted non-GAAP) and was \$4,884 (14.5%) higher than the same period in 2014 largely due to the impact of NOI variances discussed earlier.

AFFO for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 amounted to \$112,665 or \$0.603 per Unit (diluted non-GAAP) and was \$14,455 (14.7%) higher than the same period in 2014 largely due to the impact of NOI variances discussed earlier.

9.4 Earnings Before Interest and Other Financing Costs, Taxes and Fair Value Adjustments

EBITFV is a non-GAAP measure of a REIT's operating cash flow and it is used in place of IFRS net income because it excludes major non-cash items (including fair value adjustments on investment properties), interest expense and other financing costs, income tax expense, losses or gains on disposition of property, and other non-recurring items that may occur under IFRS that management considers non-operating in nature. EBITFV should not be considered as an alternative to net income or cash flows provided by operating activities determined in accordance with IFRS.

EBITFV is used as an input in some of CT REIT's debt metrics, providing information with respect to certain financial ratios that CT REIT uses in measuring its debt profile and assessing the REIT's ability to satisfy its obligations, including servicing its debt. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, EBITFV was calculated as follows:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
For the periods ended September 30,	2015	2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Net Income and comprehensive income	\$ 58,885	\$ 49,197	19.7%	\$ 171,656	\$ 264,550	(35.1)%
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	(9,392)	(4,097)	129.2%	(27,179)	(133,916)	(79.7)%
Interest expense and other financing charges	22,248	20,944	6.2%	65,202	61,698	5.7 %
EBITFV	\$ 71,741	\$ 66,044	8.6%	\$ 209,679	\$ 192,332	9.0 %

9.5 Interest Coverage Ratio

Interest coverage ratios are used to measure an entity's ability to service its debt. Generally, the higher the ratio is, the lower the risk of default on debt. EBITFV is a generally accepted proxy for operating cash flow. The ratio is calculated as follows:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
For the periods ended September 30,	2015	2014	2015	2014
EBITFV (A)	\$ 71,741	\$ 66,044	\$ 209,679	\$ 192,332
Interest and other financing charges (B)	\$ 22,248	\$ 20,944	\$ 65,202	\$ 61,698
Interest coverage ratio (A)/(B)	3.22	3.15	3.22	3.12

The interest coverage ratio for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased compared to the same periods in the prior period due to higher EBITFV in 2015 partially offset by increased interest and other financing charges. Both EBITFV and interest and other financing charges increased due to acquisition and intensification activities completed during 2015 and 2014.

9.6 Indebtedness Ratio

CT REIT has adopted an indebtedness ratio guideline which management uses as a measure to evaluate its leverage and the strength of its equity position, expressed as a percentage of financing provided by debt. CT REIT's Declaration of Trust limits its indebtedness (plus the aggregate par value of the Class C LP Units) to a maximum of 60% of the gross book value, excluding convertible debentures, and 65% including convertible debentures. Gross book value is defined as total assets as reported on the latest consolidated balance sheet. CT REIT calculates its indebtedness ratio as follows:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)			
As at	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014
Total assets (A)	\$	4,324,229	\$ 4,017,420
Total indebtedness ¹ (B)	\$	2,078,826	\$ 1,983,773
Indebtedness ratio (B)/(A)		48.1%	49.4%

¹ Total indebtedness reflects the value of the Class C LP Units, mortgages payable, debentures payable and draws on the Bank Credit Facility, if any.

The indebtedness ratio at September 30, 2015 has decreased compared to the indebtedness ratio at December 31, 2014 primarily due to the funding mix for the investment activities completed during 2015 being more weighted towards equity than the opening capital structure.

9.7 Debt to Enterprise Value Ratio

CT REIT's debt to enterprise value ratio is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated as total debt divided by enterprise value which is the sum of: i) total debt and ii) period-end Units and Class B LP Units outstanding multiplied by the period end Unit closing price ("Equity Value"). Enterprise value is an economic measure reflecting the market value of an entity. CT REIT's debt to enterprise value ratio is an indicator of how indebted it is relative to its enterprise value.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for per Unit amounts)			
As at	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014
Total indebtedness (A)	\$	2,078,826	\$ 1,983,773
Equity value			
Period-end Units and Class B LP Units outstanding		189,562,625	181,485,782
Unit closing price	\$	12.86	\$ 12.31
Equity value (B)	\$	2,437,775	\$ 2,234,090
Enterprise value (A + B)	\$	4,516,601	\$ 4,217,863
Debt / Enterprise value (A / (A + B))		46.0%	47.0%

CT REIT's debt to enterprise value ratio at September 30, 2015 decreased compared to the debt to enterprise value ratio at December 31, 2014 as a result of an increased closing Unit price and an increase in equity value due to additional Units and Class B LP Units issued, partially offset by an increase in indebtedness.

9.8 Book Value per Unit

Book value per Unit is a non-GAAP measure and represents Total Equity from the consolidated balance sheets divided by the sum of the period end Units and Class B LP Units outstanding. It is an indication of the residual book value available to Unitholders. As well, book value per Unit is compared to the REIT's Unit trading price in order to assess a premium or discount.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for per Unit amounts)		
As at	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Total Equity (A)	2,181,822	\$ 2,002,189
Period-end Units and Class B LP Units outstanding (B)	189,562,625	181,485,782
Book value per Unit (A / B)	\$ 11.51	\$ 11.03

CT REIT's book value per Unit at September 30, 2015 increased from the book value per Unit at December 31, 2014 primarily due to net income exceeding distributions.

9.9 Selected Quarterly Consolidated Information

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per Unit amounts)		2015			2014				2013
As at and for the quarter ended		Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4 ¹
Property revenue	\$	95,916	\$ 93,217	\$ 92,448	\$ 89,212	\$ 89,535	\$ 83,364	\$ 82,680	\$ 63,026
Net income	\$	58,885	\$ 57,205	\$ 55,566	\$ 53,711	\$ 49,197	\$ 45,689	\$ 169,664	\$ 30,996
Net income per Unit									
- basic	\$	0.311	\$ 0.306	\$ 0.302	\$ 0.296	\$ 0.271	\$ 0.254	\$ 0.944	\$ 0.173
- diluted	\$	0.242	\$ 0.233	\$ 0.226	\$ 0.222	\$ 0.202	\$ 0.200	\$ 0.550	\$ 0.134
FFO - diluted, non-GAAP ²	\$	0.260	\$ 0.256	\$ 0.258	\$ 0.256	\$ 0.247	\$ 0.238	\$ 0.238	\$ 0.176
AFFO - diluted, non-GAAP ²	\$	0.203	\$ 0.199	\$ 0.200	\$ 0.191	\$ 0.185	\$ 0.179	\$ 0.180	\$ 0.131
Total assets ³	\$	4,324,229	\$ 4,291,153	\$ 4,113,322	\$ 4,017,420	\$ 3,974,736	\$ 3,842,218	\$ 3,757,682	\$ 3,603,252
Total indebtedness	\$	2,078,826	\$ 2,071,737	\$ 1,984,131	\$ 1,983,773	\$ 1,950,346	\$ 1,847,279	\$ 1,807,130	\$ 1,800,000
Total distributions to unitholders - paid	\$	30,946	\$ 30,450	\$ 29,907	\$ 29,078	\$ 29,081	\$ 28,576	\$ 28,830	\$ 22,197
Total distributions to unitholders per Unit - paid	\$	0.166	\$ 0.166	\$ 0.166	\$ 0.163	\$ 0.162	\$ 0.163	\$ 0.162	\$ 0.124
Book value per Unit ²	\$	11.51	\$ 11.36	\$ 11.21	\$ 11.03	\$ 10.90	\$ 10.79	\$ 10.70	\$ 11.03
Market price per Unit									
- high	\$	13.40	\$ 12.96	\$ 13.50	\$ 12.55	\$ 11.96	\$ 11.63	\$ 11.58	\$ 11.10
- low	\$	11.26	\$ 11.75	\$ 11.70	\$ 10.50	\$ 11.00	\$ 10.81	\$ 10.61	\$ 10.00
- close (end of period)	\$	12.86	\$ 12.10	\$ 12.90	\$ 12.31	\$ 11.02	\$ 11.40	\$ 11.16	\$ 10.92

¹ Based on operations beginning October 23, 2013.

² Non-GAAP key performance indicators. Refer to section 9.0 for further information.

³ Prior year figures have been restated. Refer to note 25 of the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report.

10.0 Enterprise Risk Management

To preserve and enhance Unitholder value over the long term, CT REIT approaches the management of risk strategically through its ERM Program.

The ERM Program provides an integrated approach to the management of risks, supporting the REIT's strategies and objectives, and is described in detail in Part X in the MD&A contained in the REIT's 2014 Annual Report.

The REIT's ERM Program continues to further enhance risk reporting through developing and refining underlying processes and tools aimed at supporting risk identification and risk monitoring.

11.0 Internal Controls and Procedures

Details related to disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting are disclosed in Part XI of the MD&A contained in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, there have been no changes in CT REIT's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, CT REIT's internal control over financial reporting.

12.0 Forward-looking Information

This MD&A, and the documents incorporated by reference herein, contain forward-looking statements that involve a number of risk and uncertainties, including statements regarding the outlook for CT REIT's business results of operations. Forward-looking statements are provided for the purposes of providing information about CT REIT's future outlook and anticipated events or results and may include statements regarding known and unknown risks and uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results to differ materially from those indicated. Such factors include, but are not limited to, general economic conditions, financial position, business strategy, availability of acquisition opportunities, budgets, capital expenditures, financial results including fair value adjustments and cash flow assumptions upon which they are based, cash, taxes, plans and objectives of or involving CT REIT. Particularly, statements regarding future acquisitions, developments, distributions, results, performance, achievements, prospects or opportunities for CT REIT or the real estate industry are forward-looking statements. In some cases, forward-looking information can be identified by such terms such as "may", "might", "will", "could", "should", "would", "occur", "expect", "plan", "anticipate", "believe", "intend", "estimate", "predict", "potential", "continue", "likely", "schedule", "resolved to", or the negative thereof or other similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. Some of the specific forward-looking statements in this document include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the following:

- CT REIT's growth strategy and objectives under section 2.0;
- CT REIT's fair value of property portfolio under section 3.4;
- CT REIT's results of operations under section 4.0;
- CT REIT's debt capital structure under section 5.4;
- CT REIT's capital strategy under section 5.9; and
- CT REIT's commitments and contingencies under section 5.10;
- CT REIT's access to available sources of debt and/or equity financing;
- the expected tax treatment of CT REIT and its distributions to Unitholders;
- CT REIT's ability to expand its asset base, make accretive acquisitions, develop or intensify its property and participate with CTC in the development or intensification of the properties; and
- the ability of CT REIT to qualify as a "mutual fund trust", as defined in the Tax Act, and as a "real estate investment trust", as defined in the SIFT Rules.

CT REIT has based these forward-looking statements on factors and assumptions about future events and financial trends that it believes may affect its financial condition, results of operations, business strategy and financial needs,

including that the Canadian economy will remain stable over the next 12 months, that inflation will remain relatively low, that tax laws remain unchanged, that conditions within the real estate market, including competition for acquisitions, will be consistent with the current climate, that the Canadian capital markets will provide CT REIT with access to equity and/or debt at reasonable rates when required and that CTC will continue its involvement with CT REIT on the basis described in its 2014 AIF.

Although the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are based upon assumptions that management of CT REIT believes are reasonable based on information currently available to management, there can be no assurance that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements necessarily involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the REIT's control, that may cause CT REIT's or the industry's actual results, performance, achievements, prospects and opportunities in future periods to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, among other things, the factors discussed under the "Risk Factors" section of the 2014 AIF.

For more information on the risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause CT REIT's actual results to differ from current expectations, please also refer to CT REIT's public filings available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and by a link at ctreit.com.

CT REIT cautions that the foregoing list of important factors and assumptions is not exhaustive and other factors could also adversely affect its results. Investors and other readers are urged to consider the foregoing risks, uncertainties, factors and assumptions carefully in evaluating the forward-looking information and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking information. Statements that include forward-looking information do not take into account the effect that transactions or non-recurring or other special items announced or occurring after the statements are made have on CT REIT's business. For example, they do not include the effect of any dispositions, acquisitions, asset write-downs or other charges announced or occurring after such statements are made. The forward-looking information in this MD&A is based on certain factors and assumptions made as of the date hereof or the date of the relevant document incorporated herein by reference, as applicable. CT REIT does not undertake to update the forward-looking information, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time by it or on its behalf, to reflect new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable securities laws.

Information contained in or otherwise accessible through the websites referenced in this MD&A or the documents incorporated by reference herein (other than CT REIT's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com) does not form part of this MD&A or the documents incorporated by reference herein and is not incorporated by reference into this MD&A. All references to such websites are inactive textual references and are for information only.

Commitment to disclosure and investor communication

The Investor Relations section of the REIT's website by a link at ctreit.com includes the following documents and information of interest to investors:

- Annual Information Form;
- Management Information Circular;
- the Prospectus;
- quarterly reports; and
- conference call webcasts (archived for one year).

Additional information about the REIT has been filed electronically with various securities regulators in Canada through SEDAR and is available online at www.sedar.com.

If you would like to contact the Investor Relations department directly, call Andrea Orzech at (416) 480-3195 or email investor.relations@ctreit.com.

November 9, 2015

THIRD QUARTER 2015

CT REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(Canadian dollars, in thousands)

As at	Note	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	3	\$ 4,251,909	\$ 3,999,844
Other assets		2,409	2,526
		4,254,318	4,002,370
Current assets			
Tenant and other receivables		10,803	10,349
Other assets		15,604	1,991
Cash and cash equivalents		43,504	2,710
		69,911	15,050
Total assets		\$ 4,324,229	\$ 4,017,420
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Class C LP Units	4	\$ 1,470,418	\$ 1,647,279
Mortgages payable	5	56,291	57,219
Debentures payable	6	347,889	—
Other liabilities	8	1,250	560
		1,875,848	1,705,058
Current liabilities			
Class C LP Units	4	200,000	200,000
Mortgages payable	5	4,228	1,275
Bank credit facility	7	—	78,000
Other liabilities	8	51,858	20,871
Distributions payable	9	10,473	10,027
		266,559	310,173
Total liabilities		2,142,407	2,015,231
Equity			
Unitholders' equity	10	1,021,902	982,588
Non-controlling interests	10, 12	1,159,920	1,019,601
Total equity		2,181,822	2,002,189
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 4,324,229	\$ 4,017,420

The related notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

(Canadian dollars, in thousands, except per unit amounts)

For the periods ended September 30,	Note	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
		2015	2014	2015	2014
Property revenue	13	\$ 95,916	\$ 89,535	\$ 281,581	\$ 255,579
Property expense	13	(21,944)	(21,649)	(65,067)	(57,339)
General and administrative expense	14	(2,320)	(1,880)	(6,981)	(6,237)
Interest income		89	38	146	329
Interest and other financing charges	15	(22,248)	(20,944)	(65,202)	(61,698)
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	3	9,392	4,097	27,179	133,916
Net income and comprehensive income		\$ 58,885	\$ 49,197	\$ 171,656	\$ 264,550
Net income and comprehensive income attributable to:					
Unitholders		\$ 28,048	\$ 24,440	\$ 82,844	\$ 132,593
Non-controlling interests		30,837	24,757	88,812	131,957
		\$ 58,885	\$ 49,197	\$ 171,656	\$ 264,550
Net income per unit - basic	10	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.92	\$ 1.47
Net income per unit - diluted	10	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.95

The related notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

(Canadian dollars, in thousands)

	Note	Units	Retained Earnings	Unitholders' Equity	Non-controlling interests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2014		\$ 877,905	\$ 104,683	\$ 982,588	\$ 1,019,601	\$ 2,002,189
Net income and comprehensive income for the period		—	82,844	82,844	88,812	171,656
Issuance of Class B LP Units, net of issue costs	3	—	—	—	99,727	99,727
Distributions	9	—	(44,876)	(44,876)	(48,220)	(93,096)
Issuance of Units under Distribution Reinvestment Plan	9	1,346	—	1,346	—	1,346
Balance at September 30, 2015		\$ 879,251	\$ 142,651	\$ 1,021,902	\$ 1,159,920	\$ 2,181,822

	Note	Units	Retained Earnings	Unitholders' Equity	Non-controlling interests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2013		\$ 876,124	\$ 4,075	\$ 880,199	\$ 900,187	\$ 1,780,386
Net income and comprehensive income for the period		—	132,593	132,593	131,957	264,550
Issuance of Class B LP Units, net of issue costs		—	—	—	19,422	19,422
Distributions	9	—	(43,922)	(43,922)	(44,036)	(87,958)
Issuance of Units under Distribution Reinvestment Plan	9	1,372	—	1,372	—	1,372
Balance at September 30, 2014		\$ 877,496	\$ 92,746	\$ 970,242	\$ 1,007,530	\$ 1,977,772

The related notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(Canadian dollars, in thousands, except per unit amounts)

		Three months ended		Nine months ended	
For the periods ended September 30,	Note	2015	2014	2015	2014
Cash generated from (used for):					
Operating activities					
Net income		\$ 58,885	\$ 49,197	\$ 171,656	\$ 264,550
Add (deduct):					
Fair value adjustment on investment properties		(9,392)	(4,097)	(27,179)	(133,916)
Straight-line rental income		(6,539)	(7,128)	(19,429)	(20,842)
Straight-line land lease expense		45	45	135	135
Interest and other financing charges		22,248	20,944	65,202	61,698
Changes in working capital and other	16	1,033	8,722	5,847	(746)
Cash generated from operating activities		66,280	67,683	196,232	170,879
Investing activities					
Property investments		(1,224)	(64,976)	(48,906)	(106,441)
Land investments and development activities		(9,873)	—	(13,790)	—
Capital expenditures recoverable from tenants		(4,919)	(4,949)	(5,748)	(5,925)
Proceeds of disposition		167	—	167	—
Cash used for investing activities		(15,849)	(69,925)	(68,277)	(112,366)
Financing activities					
Proceeds from issuance of Debentures payable	6	—	—	350,000	—
Debenture issue costs	6	(403)	—	(2,087)	—
Redemption of Class C LP units	4	—	—	(200,000)	—
Unit distributions	9	(14,493)	(14,251)	(43,524)	(42,550)
Class B LP Unit distributions paid or loaned	9	(16,453)	(14,878)	(47,779)	(43,985)
Payments on Class C LP Units paid or loaned	4	(18,780)	(20,492)	(59,363)	(61,076)
Bank Credit Facility repayments	7	—	43,980	(78,000)	43,980
Mortgage principal repayments	5	(291)	(31)	(865)	(31)
Interest paid		(3,210)	(354)	(5,439)	(354)
Class B LP Unit issue costs		—	—	(104)	—
Cash generated from/(used for) financing activities		(53,630)	(6,026)	(87,161)	(104,016)
Cash generated/(used) in the period		(3,199)	(8,268)	40,794	(45,503)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		46,703	9,764	2,710	46,999
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 43,504	\$ 1,496	\$ 43,504	\$ 1,496

The related notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

1. NATURE OF CT REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST

CT Real Estate Investment Trust is an unincorporated, closed-end real estate investment trust. CT Real Estate Investment Trust and its subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise, are together referred to in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as “CT REIT”. CT REIT commenced operations on October 23, 2013, and was formed to own income-producing commercial properties located primarily in Canada. The principal and registered head office of CT REIT is located at 2180 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario M4P 2V8.

Canadian Tire Corporation, Limited (“CTC”) owns an 83.9% effective interest in CT REIT as of September 30, 2015, consisting of 59,711,094 of the issued and outstanding units of CT REIT (“Units”), all of the issued and outstanding Class B limited partnership units (“Class B LP Units”) of CT REIT Limited Partnership (the “Partnership”), which are economically equivalent to and exchangeable for Units, and all of the issued and outstanding Class C limited partnership units (“Class C LP Units”) of the Partnership (see Note 4). The Units are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the “TSX”) under the symbol CRT.UN.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements (“interim financial statements”) have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). CT REIT prepared these interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 in accordance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34 – *Interim Financial Reporting*. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT’s 2014 Annual Report. They have been prepared using the same accounting policies that were described in Note 3 to the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT’s 2014 Annual Report.

These interim financial statements were authorized for issuance by CT REIT’s Board of Trustees (the “Board”) on November 9, 2015.

(b) Basis of presentation

These interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and liabilities for unit-based compensation plans, which are measured at fair value.

These interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars (“C\$”) rounded to the nearest thousand, except per unit amounts.

(c) Judgements and estimates

The preparation of these interim financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these interim financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods presented. Actual results may differ from estimates made in these interim financial statements.

Judgments are made in the selection and assessment of CT REIT’s accounting policies. Estimates are used mainly in determining the measurement of recognized transactions and balances. Estimates are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Judgment and estimates are often interrelated. CT REIT’s judgments and estimates are continually re-evaluated to ensure they remain appropriate. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods affected.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

Details of the accounting policies subject to judgments and estimates that CT REIT believes could have the most significant impact on the amounts recognized in these interim financial statements are described in Note 2 to the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report.

(d) Standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet adopted

Details of the standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet adopted are described in Note 2 to the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report, except for IFRS 15 - *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("IFRS 15"), which is to be applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted.

3. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	September 30, 2015			December 31, 2014		
	Income producing properties	Properties under development	Total investment properties	Income producing properties	Properties under development	Total investment properties
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 3,995,860	\$ 3,984	\$ 3,999,844	\$ 3,538,853	\$ 9,011	\$ 3,547,864
Property investments (including transaction costs)	149,987	—	149,987	228,684	—	228,684
Development land investments	—	8,626	8,626	—	3,982	3,982
Developments	—	20,924	20,924	—	19,963	19,963
Intensifications	14,611	—	14,611	11,951	—	11,951
Recoverable capital expenditures	11,243	—	11,243	17,052	—	17,052
Disposition	(167)	—	(167)	—	—	—
Capitalized interest and property taxes	—	233	233	—	442	442
Transfers	5,008	(5,008)	—	29,414	(29,414)	—
Straight-line rent	19,429	—	19,429	28,685	—	28,685
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	27,179	—	27,179	141,221	—	141,221
Balance at end of the period	\$ 4,223,150	\$ 28,759	\$ 4,251,909	\$ 3,995,860	\$ 3,984	\$ 3,999,844

To determine fair value, CT REIT uses the income approach. Fair value is estimated by capitalizing the cash flows that the property can reasonably be expected to produce over its remaining economic life. The income approach is derived from two methods: the overall capitalization rate ("OCR") method, whereby the net operating income is capitalized at the requisite OCR, or the discounted cash flow ("DCF") method, in which the cash flows are projected over the anticipated term of the investment plus a terminal value discounted using an appropriate discount rate.

Properties under development are recorded at acquisition cost and are adjusted to fair value at each balance sheet date with the fair value adjustment recognized in earnings.

As at September 30, 2015, management's determination of fair value was updated for current market assumptions, utilizing market capitalization rates provided by independent valuation professionals.

On a periodic basis, CT REIT obtains independent valuations such that substantially all of the properties will be externally appraised over a four-year period. To date, independent appraisals were completed on 34 properties having a fair value of \$535,840 effective June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

The fair value of investment properties is based on Level 3 inputs (see Note 23(a) to the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report for definition of levels). There have been no transfers during the period between levels.

The significant inputs used to determine the fair value of CT REIT's income producing investment properties are as follows:

	Properties valued by the OCR method	Properties valued by the DCF method
Number of properties	237	45
Value at September 30, 2015	3,306,326	890,959
Discount rate	—%	6.98%
Terminal capitalization rate	—%	6.45%
Overall capitalization rate	6.36%	—%
Hold period (years)	—	11

Valuations determined by the OCR method are most sensitive to changes in capitalization rates. Valuations determined by the DCF method are most sensitive to changes in discount rates.

The following table summarizes the sensitivity of the fair value of investment properties to changes in the capitalization rate and discount rate, respectively:

Rate sensitivity	OCR Sensitivity			DCF Sensitivity		
	Fair value	Change in fair value		Fair value	Change in fair value	
+ 75 basis points	\$ 2,980,900	\$ (325,426)	\$	\$ 847,555	\$ (43,404)	\$
+ 50 basis points	\$ 3,081,609	\$ (224,718)	\$	\$ 861,695	\$ (29,264)	\$
+ 25 basis points	\$ 3,189,833	\$ (116,493)	\$	\$ 876,107	\$ (14,852)	\$
Base rate	\$ 3,306,326	\$ —	\$	\$ 890,959	\$ —	\$
- 25 basis points	\$ 3,432,199	\$ 125,873	\$	\$ 906,162	\$ 15,203	\$
- 50 basis points	\$ 3,568,766	\$ 262,439	\$	\$ 921,746	\$ 30,787	\$
- 75 basis points	\$ 3,717,238	\$ 410,912	\$	\$ 937,660	\$ 46,701	\$

2015 Investment and Development Activity

Funding for the three months ended September 30, 2015 of investment and development activities was as follows:

Q3 2015 Investment and Development Activity					
	Property investments	Development land investment	Developments and Redevelopments	Intensifications	
Funded with working capital to CTC	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	973
Funded with working capital to third parties	588	468	7,103		83
Issuance of Class B LP Units to CTC	—	—	—		—
Issuance of Class C LP Units to CTC	—	4,350	—		—
Mortgages assumed	—	—	2,955		—
Total costs	\$ 588	\$ 4,818	\$ 10,058		1,056

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

Funding for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of investment and development activities was as follows:

YTD 2015 Investment and Development Activity				
	Property investments	Development land investment	Developments and Redevelopments	Intensifications
Funded with working capital to CTC	\$ 33,956	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 14,528
Funded with working capital to third parties	1,201	486	17,969	83
Issuance of Class B LP Units to CTC	99,830	—	—	—
Issuance of Class C LP Units to CTC	15,000	8,139	—	—
Mortgages assumed	—	—	2,955	—
Total costs	\$ 149,987	\$ 8,626	\$ 20,924	\$ 14,611

2014 Investment and Development Activity

Funding for the year ended December 31, 2014 of investment and development activities were as follows:

2014 Investment and Development Activity				
	Property investments	Development land investment	Developments	Intensifications
Funded with working capital to CTC ¹	\$ 31,479	\$ —	\$ 19,929	\$ 11,951
Funded with working capital to third parties	71,267	3,982	34	—
Issuance of Class B LP Units to CTC	19,464	—	—	—
Issuance of Class C LP Units to CTC	47,279	—	—	—
Mortgages assumed	59,195	—	—	—
Total costs	\$ 228,684	\$ 3,982	\$ 19,963	\$ 11,951

¹ Net of post-closing adjustments.

Included in CT REIT's investment properties are eight buildings which are situated on land held under leases with remaining initial terms of between 4 and 41 years, and an average initial term of 16 years.

4. CLASS C LP UNITS

The Class C LP Units entitle the holder to a fixed cumulative monthly payment during the initial fixed rate period for each Series of Class C LP Units (the "Initial Fixed Rate Period") equal to a weighted average of 4.52% of the aggregate capital amount ascribed to the Class C LP Units, in priority to distributions made to holders of the Class B LP Units and CT REIT GP Corp. (the "GP") Units, subject to certain exceptions.

On expiry of the Initial Fixed Rate Period applicable to each series of Class C LP Units, and every five years thereafter, each such series of Class C LP Units is redeemable at par (together with all accrued and unpaid payments thereon) at the option of the Partnership or the holder, upon giving at least 120 days' prior notice. The Partnership further has the ability to settle any of the Class C LP Units at any time after January 1, 2019 at a price equal to the greater of par and a price to provide a yield equal to the then equivalent Government of Canada bond yield plus a spread, so long as such redemption is in connection with a sale of properties.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

Such redemptions of Class C LP Units (other than upon a change of control at CT REIT) can be settled at the option of the Partnership, in cash or Class B LP Units of equal value.

During the five-year period beginning immediately following the completion of the Initial Fixed Rate Period, and each five-year period thereafter, if not redeemed, the fixed payment rate for Class C LP Units will be reset, and the holders of Class C LP Units will be entitled, subject to certain conditions, to elect either a fixed rate or floating rate option.

The following table presents the details of the Class C LP Units:

Series	Expiry of initial fixed rate period	Annual distribution rate during initial fixed par value	Carrying amount at September 30, 2015	Carrying amount at December 31, 2014
Series 1	May 31, 2015	3.50%	\$ —	\$ 200,000
Series 2	May 31, 2016	3.50%	200,000	200,000
Series 3	May 31, 2020	4.50%	200,000	200,000
Series 4	May 31, 2024	4.50%	200,000	200,000
Series 5	May 31, 2028	4.50%	200,000	200,000
Series 6	May 31, 2031	5.00%	200,000	200,000
Series 7	May 31, 2034	5.00%	200,000	200,000
Series 8	May 31, 2035	5.00%	200,000	200,000
Series 9	May 31, 2038	5.00%	200,000	200,000
Series 10	May 31, 2017	2.38%	7,130	7,130
Series 11	May 31, 2017	2.20%	20,685	20,685
Series 12	May 31, 2017	2.23%	19,464	19,464
Series 13	May 31, 2017	1.65%	3,789	—
Series 14	May 31, 2017	1.71%	15,000	—
Series 15	May 31, 2017	1.77%	4,350	—
Weighted average / Total		4.52%	\$ 1,670,418	\$ 1,847,279
Current			\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000
Non-current			1,470,418	1,647,279
Total			\$ 1,670,418	\$ 1,847,279

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, interest expense of \$18,866 (Q3 2014 – \$20,516) and \$59,454 (YTD 2014 - \$61,128), respectively, was recognized in respect of the Class C LP Units (see Note 15). The holders of the Class C LP Units may elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of payments declared by CT REIT until the first day following the end of the fiscal year. If the holder so elects to defer receipt of payments, CT REIT will loan the holder the amount equal to the deferred payment without interest, and the loan will be due and payable in full on the first business day following the end of the fiscal year the loan was advanced, the holder having irrevocably directed that any payment of the deferred payments be applied to repay such loans. At the election of the holder, payments on the Class C LP Units for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$18,765 (Q3 2014 – \$18,743) and \$50,040 (YTD 2014 – \$49,660), respectively, were deferred until the first day following the end of the fiscal year and non-interest bearing loans equal to the deferred payments were advanced in lieu thereof. The net amount of payments due in respect of the Class C LP Units at September 30, 2015 of \$6,292 (December 31, 2014 – \$6,838) is included in other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet (see Note 8).

On June 1, 2015, Series 1 of the Class C LP Units was redeemed by payment of \$200,000.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

5. MORTGAGES PAYABLE

Mortgages payable, secured by certain of CT REIT's investment properties, include the following:

	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Face value	Carrying amount	Face value	Carrying amount
Current	\$ 4,119	4,228	\$ 1,158	1,275
Non-current	56,253	56,291	57,148	57,219
Total	\$ 60,372	\$ 60,519	\$ 58,306	\$ 58,494

Future repayments are as follows:	Principal	Amortization	Maturities	Total
For the remainder of:				
2015	\$	369	\$	369
2016		1,199	2,854	4,053
2017		1,241	—	1,241
2018		422	16,661	17,083
2019		—	37,626	37,626
2020 and thereafter		—	—	—
Total contractual obligation	\$	3,231	\$ 57,141	\$ 60,372
Unamortized portion of mark to market interest rates on liabilities assumed at the acquisition of properties				323
Unamortized debt financing cost				(176)
			\$	60,519

Mortgages payable have interest rates that range from 2.50% to 3.60%, and have maturity dates that range from May 2016 to December 2019. Mortgages payable at September 30, 2015 had a weighted average interest rate of 3.15% (December 31, 2014 – 3.19%). At September 30, 2015, floating rate and fixed rate mortgages were \$31,133 (December 31, 2014 – \$31,133) and \$29,239 (December 31, 2014 – \$27,173), respectively.

Investment properties having a fair value of \$130,173 (December 31, 2014 – \$121,489), have been pledged as security for mortgages payable.

6. DEBENTURES PAYABLE

	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Series	Face Value	Carrying Amount	Face Value	Carrying Amount
Series A, 2.85%, June 9, 2022	\$ 150,000	\$ 149,128	—	—
Series B, 3.53%, June 9, 2025	200,000	198,761	—	—
	\$ 350,000	\$ 347,889	\$ —	\$ —

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On June 9, 2015, CT REIT issued \$350,000 aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured debentures (the "Debentures"). The proceeds, net of issuance costs of \$2,186, were used to indirectly redeem the Series 1 Class C LP Units held by CTC, to pay down certain amounts then outstanding under the Bank Credit Facility, and the balance of the proceeds has been retained for general business purposes.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, amortization of the transaction costs of \$56 and \$75 (Q3 2014 - \$nil and YTD 2014 - \$nil) is included in interest and other financing charges on the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income (see Note 15).

7. BANK CREDIT FACILITY

The Partnership has a \$200,000 revolving credit facility (the "Bank Credit Facility"), with an option to request an increase by an additional \$100,000, which is available to the Partnership until July 2020. The Bank Credit Facility bears interest at a rate based on the bank's prime rate of interest or bankers' acceptances plus a margin. A standby fee is charged on the Bank Credit Facility.

As at September 30, 2015, there were no cash advances under the Bank Credit Facility (December 31, 2014 - \$78,000) and \$311 (December 31, 2014 - \$nil) of letters of credit had been drawn on the Bank Credit Facility. The unamortized balance of transaction costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of the Bank Credit Facility of \$317 (December 31, 2014 - \$434) is recorded in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, amortization of the transaction costs of \$41 (Q3 2014 - \$39) and \$117 (YTD 2014 - \$115), respectively, as well as the standby fee of \$149 (Q3 2014 - \$121) and \$391 (YTD 2014 - \$371) are included in interest and other financing charges on the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income (see Note 15).

8. OTHER LIABILITIES

Other liabilities are comprised of the following:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Interest on Class C LP Units ¹	\$ 6,292	\$ 6,838
Property operating costs ²	6,315	3,188
Capital expenditures payable	10,188	2,089
Deferred revenue ³	17,144	2,238
Other ⁴	13,169	7,078
Less: non-current portion of other liabilities	(1,250)	(560)
Other liabilities	\$ 51,858	\$ 20,871

¹ Net of loans receivable of \$50,040 (December 31, 2014 - \$68,425). See Note 19(b).

² Includes \$0 payable to CTC (December 31, 2014 - \$496).

³ Prepaid rent from CTC.

⁴ Includes \$2,997 payable to CTC (December 31, 2014 - \$3,289).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

9. DISTRIBUTIONS ON UNITS AND CLASS B LP UNITS

The following table presents total distributions declared on Units and Class B LP Units:

	Three months ended September 30, 2015		Nine months ended September 30, 2015	
	Total Distributions	Distributions per Unit	Total Distributions	Distributions per Unit
Units ¹	\$ 14,965	\$ 0.17	\$ 44,876	\$ 0.50
Class B LP Units ²	\$ 16,453	\$ 0.17	\$ 48,220	\$ 0.50

	Three months ended September 30, 2014		Nine months ended September 30, 2014	
	Total Distributions	Distributions per Unit	Total Distributions	Distributions per Unit
Units ¹	\$ 14,648	\$ 0.16	\$ 43,922	\$ 0.49
Class B LP Units ²	\$ 14,835	\$ 0.16	\$ 44,036	\$ 0.49

¹ Includes \$9,897 and \$29,691 (2014 - \$9,703 and \$29,109) paid or payable to CTC, respectively.

² Paid or payable to CTC.

CT REIT has adopted a distribution reinvestment plan ("DRIP"), which allows certain Canadian resident Unitholders to elect to have all or a portion of their cash distributions reinvested in additional Units (at a price per unit calculated by reference to the five-day volume weighted average for the Units on the TSX for the five business days immediately preceding the distribution payment date). No brokerage commissions or service charges are payable in connection with the purchase of Units under the DRIP and CT REIT will pay all administrative costs. The automatic reinvestment of distributions under the DRIP does not relieve holders of Units of any income tax applicable to such distributions. Unitholders who participate in the DRIP receive an additional distribution of units equal to 3.0% of each distribution that was reinvested by them.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, 38,732 (Q3 2014 – 36,323) and 111,086 (YTD 2014 – 125,089) Units, respectively, were issued under the DRIP for \$470 (Q3 2014 – \$401) and \$1,346 (YTD 2014 - \$1,372), respectively.

On September 15, 2015, CT REIT's Board declared a distribution of \$0.05525 per Unit paid on October 15, 2015 to holders of Units and Class B LP Units of record as of September 30, 2015.

On October 15, 2015, CT REIT's Board declared a distribution of \$0.05525 per Unit payable on November 13, 2015 to holders of Units and Class B LP Units of record as of October 31, 2015.

The holders of the Class B LP Units may elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of distributions declared by CT REIT until the first day following the end of the fiscal year. If the holder so elects to defer receipt of distributions, CT REIT will loan the holder the amount equal to the deferred distribution without interest, and the loan will be due and payable in full on the first business day following the end of the fiscal year the loan was advanced, the holder having irrevocably directed that any payment of the deferred distributions be applied to repay such loans. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the holders of the Class B LP Units elected to defer distributions in the amount of \$813 (Q3 2014 – \$0) and \$1,389 (YTD 2014 - \$0), respectively. See Note 19(b).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

10. EQUITY

Authorized and outstanding units

CT REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Units.

The following tables summarize the changes in Units and Class B LP Units:

As at September 30, 2015			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Total outstanding at beginning of period	90,188,210	91,297,572	181,485,782
Issued	111,086	7,965,757	8,076,843
Total outstanding at end of period	90,299,296	99,263,329	189,562,625

As at December 31, 2014			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Total outstanding at beginning of year	90,026,773	89,559,871	179,586,644
Issued	161,437	1,737,701	1,899,138
Total outstanding at end of year	90,188,210	91,297,572	181,485,782

As at September 30, 2014			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Total outstanding at beginning of period	90,026,773	89,559,871	179,586,644
Issued	125,089	1,737,701	1,862,790
Total outstanding at end of period	90,151,862	91,297,572	181,449,434

Net income attributable to Unitholders and weighted average units outstanding used in determining basic and diluted net income per unit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, are calculated as follows, respectively:

For the three months ended September 30, 2015			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Net income attributable to Unitholders - basic	\$ 28,048	\$ 30,837	\$ 58,885
Income effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			18,866
Net income attributable to unitholders - diluted			\$ 77,751
Weighted average Units outstanding - basic	90,280,425	99,263,329	189,543,754
Dilutive effect of other Unit plans			87,215
Dilutive effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			131,251,676
Weighted average Units outstanding - diluted			320,882,645

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
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For the nine months ended September 30, 2015			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Net income attributable to Unitholders - basic	\$ 82,844	\$ 88,812	\$ 171,656
Income effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			59,454
Net income attributable to Unitholders - diluted			\$ 231,110
Weighted average Units outstanding - basic	90,243,681	96,570,514	186,814,195
Dilutive effect of other Unit plans			77,183
Dilutive effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			139,014,561
Weighted average Units outstanding - diluted			325,905,939

For the three months ended September 30, 2014			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Net income attributable to Unitholders - basic	\$ 24,440	\$ 24,757	\$ 49,197
Income effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			20,516
Net income attributable to Unitholders - diluted			\$ 69,713
Weighted average Units outstanding - basic	90,134,014	91,297,572	181,431,586
Dilutive effect of other Unit plans			48,015
Dilutive effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			163,966,954
Weighted average Units outstanding - diluted			345,446,555

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014			
	Units	Class B LP Units	Total
Net income attributable to Unitholders - basic	\$ 132,593	\$ 131,957	\$ 264,550
Income effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			61,128
Net income attributable to Unitholders - diluted			\$ 325,678
Weighted average Units outstanding - basic	90,090,719	90,215,487	180,306,206
Dilutive effect of other Unit plans			40,620
Dilutive effect of settling Class C LP Units with Class B LP Units			161,960,988
Weighted average Units outstanding - diluted			342,307,814

The calculation of diluted per unit amounts is determined on a combined basis for the Units and Class B LP Units as the Class B LP Units are exchangeable into Units on a one-for-one basis and are entitled to an equivalent amount of net income per unit as the Units.

Details and descriptions of the Units, and Class B LP Units are available in Note 13 to the annual consolidated financial statements contained in the CT REIT's Annual Report.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
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11. UNIT BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

Deferred Unit Plan for Trustees

CT REIT granted deferred units ("DUs") to trustees who elected to receive all or a portion of their annual compensation, which is paid quarterly, in DUs. Additionally, DUs were granted for the value of distributions which are reinvested in additional DUs. DUs represent a right to receive an equivalent number of Units issued by CT REIT or, at the trustee's election, the cash equivalent thereof, upon the trustee's departure from the Board. DUs that are converted to cash will be equivalent to the market value of Units of CT REIT at the time the conversion takes place pursuant to the terms of the Deferred Unit Plan for Trustees thus compensation expense includes a fair value adjustment for the DUs issued as at each reporting date.

Performance Unit Plan

CT REIT granted performance units ("PUs") to its executives. Each PU entitles the executive to receive a cash payment equal to the weighted average price of Units of CT REIT traded on the TSX during the 10 calendar day period commencing on the first business day following the end of the performance period, multiplied by a factor determined by specific performance-based criteria, as set out in the Performance Unit Plan thus compensation expense includes a fair value adjustment for the PUs issued as at each reporting date. The performance period of each PU award is approximately three years from the date of issuance.

Restricted Unit Plan for Executives

CT REIT granted Restricted Units ("RUs") to an executive who elected to receive a portion of his short-term incentive plan ("STIP") award for the prior fiscal year in RUs. Additionally, RUs were granted for the value of distributions which are reinvested in additional RUs. RUs entitle the executive to receive an equivalent number of Units issued by CT REIT, or at the executive's election, the cash equivalent thereof, at the end of the vesting period, which is generally five years from the STIP payment date. RUs that are converted to cash will be equivalent to the market value of Units of CT REIT on the conversion date pursuant to the terms of the Restricted Unit Plan for Executives. The compensation expense includes a fair value adjustment for the RUs issued as at each reporting date.

12. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of CT REIT that have material non-controlling interests are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Proportion of ownership interests held by non-controlling interests		Net income and comprehensive income allocated to non-controlling interests			
	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	For the three months ended September 30, 2015	For the three months ended September 30, 2014	For the nine months ended September 30, 2015	For the nine months ended September 30, 2014
CT REIT Limited Partnership	52.36%	50.31%	\$ 30,837	\$ 24,757	\$ 88,812	\$ 131,957

There are no restrictions on CT REIT's ability to access or use the assets and settle the liabilities of its subsidiaries and there are no contractual arrangements that could require CT REIT to provide financial support.

13. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

(a) Property revenue

CT REIT leases income-producing commercial properties to tenants under operating leases. The CTC leases have staggered initial terms ranging from 1 to 20 years, with a weighted average remaining initial term of approximately

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

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13.8 years. Annual base minimum rent for CTC leases had weighted average annual rent escalations of approximately 1.5% per year commencing January 1, 2015.

The components of revenue are as follows:

		CTC	Other	For the three months ended September 30, 2015
Base minimum rent	\$	65,249	\$ 2,377	\$ 67,626
Straight-line rental		6,443	96	6,539
Subtotal base rent		71,692	2,473	74,165
Property tax and operating expense recoveries		19,433	1,604	21,037
Capital expenditure and interest recovery charge		496	81	577
Other revenues		—	137	137
Property revenue	\$	91,621	\$ 4,295	\$ 95,916

		CTC	Other	For the nine months ended September 30, 2015
Base minimum rent	\$	191,733	\$ 7,150	\$ 198,883
Straight-line rental		19,085	344	19,429
Subtotal base rent		210,818	7,494	218,312
Property tax and operating expense recoveries		56,929	4,293	61,222
Capital expenditure and interest recovery charge		1,624	81	1,705
Other revenues		—	342	342
Property revenue	\$	269,371	\$ 12,210	\$ 281,581

		CTC	Other	For the three months ended September 30, 2014
Base minimum rent	\$	59,708	\$ 2,033	\$ 61,741
Straight-line rental		6,913	215	7,128
Subtotal base rent		66,621	2,248	68,869
Property tax and operating expense recoveries		18,789	1,419	20,208
Capital expenditure and interest recovery charge		46	—	46
Other revenues		—	412	412
Property revenue	\$	85,456	\$ 4,079	\$ 89,535

		CTC	Other	For the nine months ended September 30, 2014
Base minimum rent	\$	175,184	\$ 5,131	\$ 180,315
Straight-line rental		20,407	435	20,842
Subtotal base rent		195,591	5,566	201,157
Property tax and operating expense recoveries		51,178	2,786	53,964
Capital expenditure and interest recovery charge		46	—	46
Other revenues		—	412	412
Property revenue	\$	246,815	\$ 8,764	\$ 255,579

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

(b) Property expense

The major components of operating costs consist of realty taxes and other recoverable costs:

For the periods ended September 30,	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Property taxes	\$ 18,983	\$ 19,211	\$ 56,364	\$ 52,028
Other recoverable operating costs	1,235	1,144	4,201	1,912
Property management ¹	678	666	2,048	1,835
Ground rent	994	593	2,317	1,508
Property insurance	40	35	135	56
Other non-recoverable costs	14	\$ —	2	\$ —
Property expense	\$ 21,944	\$ 21,649	\$ 65,067	\$ 57,339

¹ Includes \$535 (Q3 2014 - \$532) and \$1,613 (YTD 2014 - \$1,595), respectively, with CTC. See Note 19.

14. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

General and administrative expenses are comprised of the following:

For the periods ended September 30,	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Services Agreement with CTC ¹	\$ 829	\$ 824	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,472
Personnel expense	910	606	2,809	1,516
Other	581	450	1,672	2,249
General and administrative expenses	\$ 2,320	\$ 1,880	\$ 6,981	\$ 6,237

¹ See Note 19.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

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15. INTEREST AND OTHER FINANCING CHARGES

Interest and other financing charges are comprised of the following:

For the periods ended September 30,	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Interest on Class C LP Units ¹	\$ 18,866	\$ 20,516	\$ 59,454	\$ 61,128
Interest on Debentures Payable	2,833	—	3,526	—
Interest on Mortgages Payable	403	245	1,225	245
Interest on Bank Credit Facility	—	109	647	109
Standby fees - Bank Credit Facility	149	121	391	371
Amortization of financing costs - Bank Credit Facility	41	39	117	115
Amortization of agency fees - Bank Credit Facility	—	8	—	26
Amortization of Debenture financing cost	56	—	75	—
	22,348	21,038	65,435	61,994
Capitalized interest	(100)	(94)	(233)	(296)
Interest and other financing charges	\$ 22,248	\$ 20,944	\$ 65,202	\$ 61,698

¹ Paid or payable to CTC.

16. CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL AND OTHER

Changes in working capital are comprised of the following:

For the periods ended September 30,	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Changes in working capital and other				
Tenant and other receivables	\$ 1,225	\$ 3,731	\$ (454)	\$ (9,113)
Other assets	3,081	812	(12,107)	(9,719)
Other liabilities	(3,273)	4,179	18,408	18,086
Changes in working capital and other	\$ 1,033	\$ 8,722	\$ 5,847	\$ (746)

17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

CT REIT has one reportable segment, which comprises the ownership and operation of primarily retail investment properties located in Canada.

18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

CT REIT has agreed to indemnify, in certain circumstances, the trustees and officers of CT REIT and its subsidiaries.

As at September 30, 2015, CT REIT has obligations for approximately \$35,149 (December 31, 2014 – \$18,530) in future payments for the completion of developments which are expected to be incurred in 2015 and 2016. Included in the commitments are \$26,428 to CTC.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

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19. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the normal course of operations, CT REIT enters into various transactions with related parties that have been measured at amounts agreed to between the parties and are recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Arrangements with CTC

Services Agreement

Under the Services Agreement, CTC provides the REIT with certain administrative, legal, financial, information technology, internal audit and other support services as may be reasonably required from time to time (the "Services"). CTC provides these Services to the REIT on a cost recovery basis pursuant to which CT REIT reimburses CTC for all costs and expenses incurred by CTC in connection with providing the Services, plus applicable taxes. There is a fixed maximum fee not to exceed \$3,334 for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Services Agreement's initial term ends on December 31, 2015 and is renewable for further one year terms thereafter, unless otherwise terminated. The Services Agreement has been renewed for 2016.

Property Management Agreement

Under the Property Management Agreement, CTC provides the Partnership with customary property management services (the "Property Management Services"). CTC agreed to provide Property Management Services to the Partnership on a cost recovery basis pursuant to which the Partnership reimburses CTC for all costs and expenses incurred by CTC in connection with providing the Property Management Services, plus applicable taxes. There is a fixed maximum fee not to exceed \$2,336 for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Property Management Agreement's initial term ends on December 31, 2015 and is renewable for further one year terms thereafter, unless otherwise terminated. The Property Management Agreement has been renewed for 2016.

Development Agreement

CT REIT, the Partnership and CTC entered into the Development Agreement for a term expiring on the later of (i) 10 years from the closing of the REIT's Initial Public Offering, Acquisition and other related transactions on October 23, 2013; and, (ii) such time when CTC ceases to hold, directly or indirectly, a majority of the Voting Units comprising any combination of Units and Special Voting Units. Pursuant to the Development Agreement, CT REIT has a preferential right to participate in property developments, subject to certain exceptions, that meet CT REIT's investment and other criteria, an option to purchase development properties and an option to provide mezzanine financing for developments. The Agreement requires CTC to present, in certain circumstances, new shopping centre acquisition opportunities in Canada to CT REIT.

(b) Transactions and balances with related parties

Transactions with CTC are comprised of the following, excluding acquisition activity (see Note 3):

	Note	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
For the periods ended September 30,		2015 ¹	2014 ¹	2015 ¹	2014 ¹
Rental revenue	13	\$ 91,621	\$ 85,456	\$ 269,371	\$ 246,815
Property Management and Services Agreement expense		\$ 1,364	\$ 1,356	\$ 4,113	\$ 4,067
Distributions on Units		\$ 9,897	\$ 9,703	\$ 29,691	\$ 29,109
Distributions on Class B LP Units		\$ 16,453	\$ 14,835	\$ 48,220	\$ 44,036
Interest expense on Class C LP Units	15	\$ 18,866	\$ 20,516	\$ 59,454	\$ 61,128

¹ Excludes acquisition activity. See Note 3.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

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(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

The net balance due to CTC is comprised of the following:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Tenant and other receivables	\$ (7,283)	\$ (8,505)
Class C LP Units	1,670,418	1,847,279
Amounts payable on Class C LP Units	56,332	75,263
Loans receivable in lieu of payments on Class C LP Units	(50,040)	(68,425)
Other liabilities	20,141	6,023
Distributions payable on Units and Class B LP Units ¹	10,172	8,908
Loans receivable in lieu of distributions on Class B LP Units	(1,389)	(565)
Net due to CTC	\$ 1,698,351	\$ 1,859,978

¹Includes distributions deferred at the election of the holders of the Class B LP units

(c) Compensation of executives and independent trustees

The remuneration of management personnel including the chief executive officer, chief financial officer and, the trustees who were not employees or officers of the REIT or any of its affiliates, was as follows:

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
For the periods ended September 30,	2015	2014	2015	2014
Salaries and short-term employee benefits	\$ 929	\$ 828	\$ 2,625	\$ 1,647
Unit-based awards ¹	385	112	741	399
Total	\$ 1,314	\$ 940	\$ 3,366	\$ 2,046

¹ Unit-based awards, as described in Note 11, includes (gain) loss adjustments as a result of the change in the fair market value of the Units for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$78 (Q2 2014 - (\$13) and \$55 (YTD 2014 - \$22), respectively.

The remuneration of management consists principally of base salary, short-term cash incentives and long-term incentives (in the form of unit-based awards). The remuneration is determined by CT REIT's Board of Trustees, on the recommendation of the Governance, Compensation and Nominating Committee.

The compensation of trustees, who were not employees or officers of the REIT or any of its affiliates, consists of an annual retainer and meeting fees.

20. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value of the Class C LP Units and mortgages payable is determined by discounting contractual principal and interest payments at estimated current market interest rates for the instrument. Current market interest rates are determined with reference to current benchmark rates for a similar term and current credit spreads for debt with similar terms and risks.

The fair value of the Class C LP Units, debentures and mortgages payable at September 30, 2015, is \$1,735,891, \$346,947 and \$61,341 respectively. The fair value measurement of the Class C LP Units, debentures and mortgages payable is based on Level 2 inputs (see Note 23(a) to the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report for definition of levels). The significant inputs used to determine the fair value of the Class C LP Units and mortgages payable are interest rates, interest rate volatility, and credit spreads. There have been no transfers during the period between levels.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015
(All dollar amounts are in thousands, except per unit amounts)

Current financial assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, tenant and other receivables, and loans receivable, which are classified as loans and receivables and carried at amortized cost. Current financial liabilities consist of accounts payable, Bank Credit Facility, other liabilities and distributions payable, which are classified as other liabilities and carried at amortized cost. The carrying amounts approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature.

21. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY

CT REIT's objectives when managing capital are to ensure access to capital and sufficient liquidity is available to support ongoing property operations, developments and acquisitions while generating reliable, durable and growing monthly cash distributions on a tax-efficient basis to maximize long-term Unitholder value.

The definition of capital varies from entity to entity, industry to industry and for different purposes. CT REIT's strategy and process for managing capital is driven by requirements established under the Declaration of Trust, the Trust Indenture dated June 9, 2015 pursuant to which the Series A and B unsecured debentures were issued, and the Bank Credit Facility. Details of CT REIT's capitalization, financial covenants and the contractual maturities are described in Note 24 to the annual consolidated financial statements contained in CT REIT's 2014 Annual Report.

As at September 30, 2015, CT REIT was in compliance with all of its financial covenants. Under these financial covenants, CT REIT has sufficient flexibility to fund business growth and maintain or amend distribution rates within its existing distribution policy.